

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910711994003321
Titolo	Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Program oversight and reauthorization : hearing before the Subcommittee on Government Programs and Oversight of the Committee on Small Business, House of Representatives ; One Hundred Sixth Congress, first session ; Washington, DC ; May 27, 1999
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington : , : U.S. Government Printing Office, , 1999
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (iii, 103 pages) : illustrations
Soggetti	Small business - Technological innovations - Law and legislation - United States
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"Serial no. 106-16."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910300550103321
Autore	Izumi Takuma
Titolo	Millimeter and Submillimeter Studies on the Active Trinity of Gas, Stars, and Black Holes in Seyfert Galaxies // by Takuma Izumi
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Singapore : , : Springer Singapore : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2018
ISBN	981-10-7910-2
Edizione	[1st ed. 2018.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XIII, 145 p. 65 illus., 10 illus. in color.)
Collana	Springer Theses, Recognizing Outstanding Ph.D. Research, , 2190-5053
Disciplina	522
Soggetti	Astronomy Astronomy—Observations Astrophysics Cosmology Spectrum analysis Microscopy Astronomy, Observations and Techniques Astrophysics and Astroparticles Spectroscopy and Microscopy
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters.
Nota di contenuto	Introduction: The Active Trinity in the Centers of Galaxies -- AGN Feedback on the CND-scale Molecular Gas: Submillimeter HCN Enhancement as a New Extinction Free Energy Diagnostic Tool -- Non-detection of Another Extinction-Free Proxy of Active Nuclei, Submillimeter Hydrogen Recombination Lines -- CND-scale AGN fueling: Do CNDs Drive the Growth of Supermassive Black Holes? -- Summary and Future Outlook.
Sommario/riassunto	This thesis focuses on understanding the growth and formation mechanism of supermassive black holes (SMBHs), an issue it addresses by investigating the dense interstellar medium that is assumed to be a crucial component of the fuel for SMBHs. The thesis also offers unique guidance on using the Atacama Large Millimeter/submillimeter Array (ALMA) in active galactic nuclei (AGN) research. The author presents the three major findings regarding SMBH formation and growth: (1) The

development of a new diagnostic method for the energy sources in galaxies based on submillimeter spectroscopy, which allows identification of accreting SMBHs even in obscured environments, (2) the discovery that the circumnuclear dense gas disk (CND), with a typical size of a few tens of parsecs, which plays a crucial role in governing the growth of SMBHs, and (3) the discovery that the mass transfer budget from the CND to the central SMBHs can be quantitatively understood with a theoretical model incorporating the circumnuclear starburst as a driver of mass transfer. The thesis skillfully reviews these three findings, which have greatly improved our understanding of the growth mechanism of SMBHs.
