Record Nr. UNISA990005877980203316 Autore LINGARD, John Titolo 11: Pubbl/distr/stampa London: Printed for Bldwin and Cradock; and Fellowes, successor to Mr. Mawman, 1829 Descrizione fisica VIII, 458 p.; 8° XV.2.D. 31 11 Collocazione Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Record Nr. UNINA9910300527903321 **Autore** Palacios-Berraquero Carmen **Titolo** Quantum Confined Excitons in 2-Dimensional Materials / / by Carmen Palacios-Berraquero Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2018 **ISBN** 3-030-01482-7 [1st ed. 2018.] Edizione Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (125 pages) Collana Springer Theses, Recognizing Outstanding Ph.D. Research, , 2190-5053 Disciplina 621.38152 Soggetti Quantum computers **Spintronics** Quantum optics Optical materials

Electronics - Materials Surfaces (Physics)

Interfaces (Physical sciences)

Thin films

Quantum Information Technology, Spintronics

Quantum Optics

Optical and Electronic Materials

Surface and Interface Science, Thin Films

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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Nota di contenuto	Introduction 2D-Based Quantum Technologies Experimental Techniques Deterministic Arrays of Single-Photon Sources Atomically-Thin Quantum Light Emitting Diodes 2D Quantum Light-Matter Interfaces Conclusions and Outlook.
Sommario/riassunto	This book presents the first established experimental results of an emergent field: 2-dimensional materials as platforms for quantum technologies, specifically through the optics of quantum-confined excitons. It also provides an extensive review of the literature from a number of disciplines that informed the research, and introduces the materials of focus – 2d Transition Metal Dichalcogenides (2d-TMDs) – in detail, discussing electronic and chemical structure, excitonic behaviour and response to strain. This is followed by a brief overview of quantum information technologies, including concepts such as single-photon sources and quantum networks. The methods chapter addresses quantum optics techniques and 2d-material processing, while the results section shows the development of a method to deterministically create quantum dots (QDs) in the 2d-TMDs, which can trap single-excitons; the fabrication of atomically thin quantum lightemitting diodes to induce all-electrical single-photon emission from the QDs, and lastly, the use of devices to controllably trap single-spins in the QDs –the first step towards their use as optically-addressable matter qubits.