1.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910300370303321
	Autore	Carrozza Sylvain
	Titolo	Tensorial Methods and Renormalization in Group Field Theories / / by Sylvain Carrozza
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2014
	ISBN	3-319-05867-3
	Edizione	[1st ed. 2014.]
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (236 p.)
	Collana	Springer Theses, Recognizing Outstanding Ph.D. Research, , 2190- 5053
	Disciplina	530.143
	Soggetti	Elementary particles (Physics) Quantum field theory Gravitation Group theory Cosmology Mathematical physics Elementary Particles, Quantum Field Theory Classical and Quantum Gravitation, Relativity Theory Group Theory and Generalizations Mathematical Physics
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
	Nota di contenuto	Motivations and Scope of the Present Work Two Paths to Group Field Theories Colors and Tensor Invariance Large N Expansion in Topological Group Field Theories Renormalization of Tensorial Group Field Theories: Generalities Super-Renormalizable U(1) Models in Four Dimensions Just-Renormalizable SU(2) Model in Three Dimensions.
	Sommario/riassunto	The main focus of this thesis is the mathematical structure of Group Field Theories (GFTs) from the point of view of renormalization theory. Such quantum field theories are found in approaches to quantum gravity related, on the one hand, to Loop Quantum Gravity (LQG) and, on the other, to matrix- and tensor models. Background material on these topics, including conceptual and technical aspects, are

introduced in the first chapters. The work then goes on to explain how the standard tools of Quantum Field Theory can be generalized to GFTs, and exploited to study the large cut-off behaviour and renormalization group transformations of the latter. Among the new results derived in this context are a proof of renormalizability of a three-dimensional GFT with gauge group SU(2), which opens the way to applications of the formalism to quantum gravity.