

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910701705903321
Titolo	Executive overreach [[electronic resource] ] : the President's unprecedented "recess" appointments" : hearing before the Committee on the Judiciary, House of Representatives, One Hundred Twelfth Congress, second session, February 15, 2012
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington : , : U.S. G.P.O., , 2012
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (iv, 112 pages)
Soggetti	Nominations for office - United States Executive power - United States Abuse of administrative power - United States Constitutional law - United States United States Officials and employees Selection and appointment
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Title from title screen (viewed on May 14, 2012). "Serial no. 112-84."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910300271203321
Titolo	Medicolegal Issues in Obstetrics and Gynaecology // edited by Swati Jha, Emma Ferriman
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2018
ISBN	3-319-78683-0
Edizione	[1st ed. 2018.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (374 pages)
Disciplina	344.410412
Soggetti	Gynecology Public health Medical laws and legislation Public Health Medical Law
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Includes index.
Nota di contenuto	Section 1: General -- Section 2. Anaesthesia in Obstetrics and Gynaecology -- Section 3. Obstetrics -- Section 4. Minimal Access Gynaecology -- Section 5. General Gynaecology.-Section 6. Urogynaecology -- Section 7. Infertility, subfertility and the menopause -- Section 8. Oncology. .
Sommario/riassunto	This book highlights minimum standards relating to the management of different conditions in the practice of Obstetrics and Gynaecology. The editors explore clinical governance issues, common causes of as well as ways to avoid litigation. The UK is experiencing a dramatic increase in medico-legal claims. The 4 main reasons for litigation are: accountability, the need for an explanation, concern with standards of care and compensation. However the decision to take legal action is determined not only by the original injury, but failure to provide information, an explanation and an apology. Insensitive handling of an injury and poor communication after the original incident increases the risk of litigation and erodes the patient-doctor relationship. Doctors almost never deliberately cause harm to patients, however increasingly claims are being defended successfully. This book is invaluable to

clinicians and lawyers alike and raises awareness of how to avoid facing clinical negligence claims in our day to day practice.

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