Record Nr.	UNINA9910300107003321
Autore	Brualdi Richard A
Titolo	Combinatorial Matrix Theory // by Richard A. Brualdi, Ángeles Carmona, P. van den Driessche, Stephen Kirkland, Dragan Stevanovi ; edited by Andrés M. Encinas, Margarida Mitjana
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Birkhäuser, , 2018
ISBN	3-319-70953-4
Edizione	[1st ed. 2018.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XI, 219 p.)
Collana	Advanced Courses in Mathematics - CRM Barcelona, , 2297-0304
Disciplina	512.9434
Soggetti	Combinatorics
	Matrix theory
	Algebra
	Potential theory (Mathematics)
	Differential equations
	Linear and Multilinear Algebras, Matrix Theory
	Potential Theory
	Ordinary Differential Equations
	Probability Theory and Stochastic Processes
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Some combinatorially defined matrix class Sign pattern matrices The spectral radius of a graph The group inverse of the Laplacian matrix of a graph Boundary value problems on finite networks.
Sommario/riassunto	This book contains the notes of the lectures delivered at an Advanced Course on Combinatorial Matrix Theory held at Centre de Recerca Matemàtica (CRM) in Barcelona. These notes correspond to five series of lectures. The first series is dedicated to the study of several matrix classes defined combinatorially, and was delivered by Richard A. Brualdi. The second one, given by Pauline van den Driessche, is concerned with the study of spectral properties of matrices with a given sign pattern. Dragan Stevanovi delivered the third one, devoted to

describing the spectral radius of a graph as a tool to provide bounds of parameters related with properties of a graph. The fourth lecture was delivered by Stephen Kirkland and is dedicated to the applications of the Group Inverse of the Laplacian matrix. The last one, given by Ángeles Carmona, focuses on boundary value problems on finite networks with special in-depth on the M-matrix inverse problem.