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| | Nota di contenuto | 1 I Tree-Shaped Flow Networks in Nature II Tree-Shaped Flow Networks in Engineered Systems III References 2 I Hess-Murray's law revisited II Generalizing Hess-Murray's law III Tree-shaped networks for fluid flow and heat conduction IV Optimality and design in natural systems V References 3 I Aerosol particles and the airway tree II Deposition mechanism for aerosols particles III Airflow and particle transport in the respiratory tree IV References. - 4 I T-shaped Assembly of Fins II Y-shaped Assembly of Fins III T– Y Assembly of Fins IV Constructal Design of Complex Assembly of Fins V References 5 ITrapezoidal Basement II Optimization Applying Genetic Algorithm (GA) III Cylindrical Basement IV Best Geometries Determined by Exhaustive Search Method V Best |

geometries determined by Genetic Algorithm (GA).- VI References.- 6 I. Isothermal Elemental Open Cavity.- II The First Construct: T-Shaped Cavity.- III Y-Shaped Cavity.- IV Second Construct: H-Shaped Cavity.- V Giving Freedom To Morph.- VI References.- 7 I Y-Shaped High Thermal Conductivity Pathways.- II Final Remarks.- III References. Sommario/riassunto This book provides the first comprehensive state-of-the-art research on tree (dendritic) fluid flow and heat transfer. It covers theory, numerical simulations and applications. It can serve as extra reading for graduate-level courses in engineering and biotechnology. Tree flow networks, also known as dendritic flow networks, are ubiquitous in nature and engineering applications. Tree-shaped design is prevalent when the tendency of the flow (fluid, energy, matter and information) is to move more easily between a volume (or area) and a point, and vice versa. From the geophysical trees to animals and plants, we can observe numerous systems that exhibit tree architectures: river basins and deltas, lungs, circulatory systems, kidneys, vascularized tissues, roots, stems, and leaves, among others. Tree design is also prevalent in man-made flow systems, both in macro- and microfluidic devices. A vast array of tree-shaped design is available and still emerging in chemical engineering, electronics cooling, bioengineering, chemical and bioreactors, lab-on-a-chip systems, and smart materials with volumetric functionalities, such as self-healing and self-cooling. This book also addresses the basic design patterns and solutions for cooling bodies where there is heat generation. Several shapes of fin as well as assemblies of fins are addressed. An up-to-date review of cavities, i.e., inverted or negative fins, for facilitating the flow of heat is also presented. Heat trees using high thermal conductivity material can be used in the cooling of heat-generating bodies, and can also be applied to the cooling of electronics.