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| Autore                  | Rotondo Damiano   |
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| Soggetti                | Automatic control<br>Computational intelligence<br>Robotics<br>Automation<br>System theory<br>Control and Systems Theory<br>Computational Intelligence<br>Robotics and Automation<br>Systems Theory, Control  |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese   |
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| Livello bibliografico   | Monografia  |
| Note generali           | "Doctoral thesis accepted by Universitat Politecnica de Catalunya,<br>Barcelona, Spain."  |
| Nota di bibliografia    | Includes bibliographical references.  |
| Nota di contenuto       | Introduction.- Part -- Advances in gain-scheduling techniques --<br>Background on gain-scheduling.- Automated generation and<br>comparison of Takagi-Sugeno and polytopic quasi-LPV models --<br>Robust state-feedback control of uncertain LPV systems.- Shifting<br>state-feedback control of LPV systems -- part 2 -- Background on fault<br>tolerant control.- Fault tolerant control of LPV systems using robust<br>state-feedback control.- Fault tolerant control of LPV systems using<br>recongured reference model and virtual actuators -- Fault tolerant<br>control of unstable LPV systems subject to actuator saturations and<br>fault isolation delay -- Conclusions and future work. |
| Sommario/riassunto      | This thesis reports on novel methods for gain-scheduling and fault<br>tolerant control (FTC). It begins by analyzing the connection between   |

the linear parameter varying (LPV) and Takagi-Sugeno (TS) paradigms. This is then followed by a detailed description of the design of robust and shifting state-feedback controllers for these systems. Furthermore, it presents two approaches to fault-tolerant control: the first is based on a robust polytopic controller design, while the second involves a reconfiguration of the reference model and the addition of virtual actuators into the loop. In short, the thesis offers a thorough review of the state-of-the art in gain scheduling and fault-tolerant control, with a special emphasis on LPV and TS systems.

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