Record Nr. UNINA9910298652303321 Autore Todoroki Shin-ichi Titolo Fiber Fuse: Light-Induced Continuous Breakdown of Silica Glass Optical Fiber / / by Shin-ichi Todoroki Tokyo:,: Springer Japan:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2014 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 4-431-54577-8 Edizione [1st ed. 2014.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (67 p.) Collana NIMS Monographs, , 2197-8891 Disciplina 621.36920287 Optical materials Soggetti Electronic materials Lasers **Photonics** Electrical engineering Optical and Electronic Materials Optics, Lasers, Photonics, Optical Devices Communications Engineering, Networks Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Silica glass optical fiber and fiber fuse -- Fiber fuse propagation modes -- Periodic void formation -- Delayed response of silica melt to pump modulation -- Conclusion -- Appendix A Comparison with bulk silica glass modification by continuous-wave laser -- Appendix B Fiber fuse in materials other than silica glass. Sommario/riassunto This book describes the fiber fuse phenomenon that causes a serious problem for the present optical communication systems. High-power light often brings about catastrophic damage to optical devices. Silica glass optical fibers with ultralow transmission loss are not the exception. A fiber fuse appears in a heated region of the fiber cable delivering a few watts of light and runs toward the light source destroying its core region. Understanding this phenomenon is a necessary first step in the development of future optical

communication systems. This book provides supplementary videos and photographs to help understand what occurs in the fiber, including the classification of its propagation mode and self-pumping effect. These

findings are good references for other optical devices exposed to ultrahigh-power light such as laser emitters.