1. Record Nr. UNINA9910297051303321 Autore Hoffmann Nicolas <1983-> **Titolo** Loyalty schemes in retailing: a comparison of stand-alone and multipartner programs / / Nicolas Hoffmann; sponsored by the WU Vienna University of Economics and Business; cover design, Atelier Platen Frankfurt am Main, Germany:,: PL Academic Research,, 2013 Pubbl/distr/stampa ©2013 ISBN 3-653-03515-5 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (297 p.) Forschungsergebnisse der Wirtschaftsuniversitat Wien, , 1613-3056 ; ; Collana Band 61 **PlatenAtelier** Altri autori (Persone) Disciplina 658.8/343 Soggetti **Customer loyalty** Consumer satisfaction Retail trade Lingua di pubblicazione Tedesco **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references and indexes. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Cover; Table of Contents; Index of Tables; Index of Figures; 1. Introduction: 1.1 Problem Definition: 1.2 Research Objective: 1.3 Structure of This Paper; 2. Loyalty; 2.1 Definition; 2.1.1 Historical Development of the Loyalty Definition; 2.1.2 An Attempt at Pinpointing the Terms; 2.2 Exploring the Emergence of Loyalty; 2.2.1 Classifying the Reasons for Loyalty Formation; 2.2.2 The S-O-R Model as a Way Out; 2.2.3 Conclusion; 2.3 Customer Loyalty Schemes and Loyalty; 2.3.1 Predominantly Positive Evidence; 2.3.2 Predominantly Negative Evidence; 2.3.3 Possible Explanations for the Mixed Results 2.3.4 Reflection3. Loyalty Schemes; 3.1 Definition; 3.2 Historical Development and Current Spread; 3.3 Types of Loyalty Schemes; 3.3.1 B2C vs. B2B: 3.3.2 Stand-Alone vs. Shared vs. Coalition: 3.3.3 Within Sector vs. Across Sector; 3.3.4 In-House vs. Outsourced Administration; 3.3.5 Target Group; 3.3.6 Open vs. Closed; 3.3.7 Member Limit; 3.3.8 Reward Structure: 3.4 The Value of Data: 3.4.1 Data Mining: 3.4.2 A Look at Retailing and Market Basket Analysis; 3.5 Characteristics of

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To expand existing literature on loyalty schemes, the impact of standalone vs. multi-partner programs on customer loyalty was evaluated. In addition, the effects of store satisfaction, membership in competing programs, as well as various shopper characteristics were tested. Therefore, interviews were conducted with loyalty executives and a survey was carried out with 1,150 German customers of two fuel station chains. Stand-alone programs were found to outperform multi-partner schemes in their ability to trigger behavioral loyalty (e.g. share-of-wallet), attitudinal loyalty, and positive word-