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Lack and/or Incomplete Roadmaps for Research- and e-Infrastructures -- Fragmented Solutions and Policies for Access to Data and Knowledge -- Insufficient Cooperation Between Public and Private Sector -- Lack of National and European Organization Between All Stakeholders -- Many Providers Without a Single Market -- The Open Science Commons -- The European Open Science Cloud -- Open Science Commons for the EOSC -- EOSC Architecture and Services --Realizing a Federated Approach to Research Data -- Offering of Scalable Access to and Analysis of Research Data for Reuse --Integrating (Shared) Tools and Applications -- Provisioning of Services for Depositing Data for Resource-Bound Users -- EOSC Service Integration and Management.

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| Sommario/riassunto | This book is published open access under a CC BY 4.0 license.<br>Over the past decades, rapid developments in digital and sensing<br>technologies, such as the Cloud, Web and Internet of Things, have<br>dramatically changed the way we live and work. The digital<br>transformation is revolutionizing our ability to monitor our planet and<br>transforming the way we access, process and exploit Earth Observation<br>data from satellites. This book reviews these megatrends and their<br>implications for the Earth Observation community as well as the wider<br>data economy. It provides insight into new paradigms of Open Science<br>and Innovation applied to space data, which are characterized by<br>openness, access to large volume of complex data, wide availability of<br>new community tools, new techniques for big data analytics such as<br>Artificial Intelligence, unprecedented level of computing power, and<br>new types of collaboration among researchers, innovators,<br>entrepreneurs and citizen scientists. In addition, this book aims to<br>provide readers with some reflections on the future of Earth<br>Observation, highlighting through a series of use cases not just the<br>new opportunities created by the New Space revolution, but also the<br>new challenges that must be addressed in order to make the most of<br>the large volume of complex and diverse data delivered by the new<br>generation of satellites |