

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910716949503321
Autore	Snow Mitchell
Titolo	500,000-year temperature record challenges ice age theory
Pubbl/distr/stampa	[Reston, Va.] : , : U.S. Department of the Interior, U.S. Geological Survey, , 1994
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (2 unnumbered pages) : one map
Collana	Fact sheet ; ; FS 94-007
Soggetti	Climatic changes - Nevada - Devils Hole Carbon - Isotopes - Nevada - Devils Hole Carbon - Isotopes Climatic changes Nevada Devils Hole
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"June, 1994"--Page 2. "Global change." "Mitch Snow"--Page 2.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (page 2).

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910261139003321
Autore	Saparna Pai
Titolo	Inflammation in the CNS: Advancing the Field Using Intravital Imaging
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Frontiers Media SA, 2017
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (108 p.)
Collana	Frontiers Research Topics
Soggetti	Medicine and Nursing
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>Inflammation of the CNS can have devastating, long-lived, and in some cases fatal consequences for patients. The stimuli that can induce CNS inflammation are diverse, and include infectious agents, autoimmune responses against CNS-expressed antigens, and sterile inflammation following ischemia or traumatic injury. In these conditions, cells of the immune system play central roles in promulgation and resolution of the inflammatory response. However, the immunological mechanisms at work in these diverse responses differ according to the nature of the response. Our understanding of the actions of immune cells in the CNS has been restricted by the difficulty in visualising leukocytes as they undergo recruitment from the cerebral microvasculature and following their entry into the CNS parenchyma. However, advances in in vivo microscopy over the last 10-15 years have overcome many of these difficulties, and studies using these forms of microscopy have revealed a wealth of new information regarding the cellular and molecular mechanisms of CNS inflammation. This Research Topic brings together state of the art reviews examining the use of in vivo imaging in investigating inflammation and leukocyte behaviour in the CNS. Papers in this Research Topic describe how in vivo microscopy has increased our understanding of the actions of immune cells in the inflamed CNS, following various stimuli including autoimmunity, infection and sterile inflammation.</p>