

1. Record Nr.	UNISALENT0991001036229707536
Titolo	La Poesia tardoantica e medievale : IV Convegno internazionale di studi. Perugia, 15-17 novembre 2007 : atti in onore di Antonino Isola per il suo 70 genetliaco / a cura di Clara Burini De Lorenzi, Myriam De Gaetano
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Alessandria : Edizioni dell'Orso, c2010
ISBN	9788862741880
Descrizione fisica	XIII, 437 p. ; 24 cm
Collana	Quaderni / Centro internazionale di studi sulla poesia greca e latina in età tardo-antica e medievale ; 5
Altri autori (Persone)	Burini, Clara De Gaetano, Myriam Isola, Antonino
Soggetti	Poesia medievale - Storia
Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Contiene riferimenti bibliografici. Indici

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910788416603321
Autore	Choudhri Ehsan
Titolo	Trade Liberalization, Macroeconomic Adjustment, and Welfare : : Unifying Trade and Macro Models / / Ehsan Choudhri, Hamid Faruqee, Stephen Tokarick
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2006
ISBN	1-4623-3162-9 1-4527-6526-X 1-283-51225-4 1-4519-1017-7 9786613824707
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (28 p.)
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Altri autori (Persone)	FaruqeeHamid TokarickStephen
Soggetti	Free trade - Econometric models Structural adjustment (Economic policy) - Econometric models Exports and Imports Foreign Exchange Macroeconomics Taxation Trade Policy International Trade Organizations Macroeconomics: Consumption Saving Wealth Currency Foreign exchange International economics Public finance & taxation Trade liberalization Exchange rate flexibility Conventional peg Tariffs Consumption Commercial policy Tariff Economics

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"December 2006."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 20-21).
Nota di contenuto	""Contents""; ""I. INTRODUCTION""; ""II. THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK""; ""III. QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS""; ""IV. CONCLUSIONS""; ""REFERENCES""
Sommario/riassunto	Trade liberalization leads to long-run gains, but it can also involve costly short-run macroeconomic adjustment. The paper explores the relative importance of these effects within a dynamic general equilibrium model that captures key elements of both international trade and macroeconomic models. The welfare effect of trade liberalization is decomposed into a steady-state efficiency gain and a transitional loss associated with wage-price stickiness. Our estimates show that the transitional loss is small relative to the steady-state gain, and tends to be lower under flexible as compared to fixed exchange rates. We also show that the loss can be reduced further by a flexible price-level targeting policy rule.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910261138103321
Autore	Olivier Darbin
Titolo	Pathophysiology of the Basal Ganglia and Movement Disorders: Gaining New Insights from Modeling and Experimentation to Influence the Clinic
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Frontiers Media SA, 2017
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (220 p.)
Collana	Frontiers Research Topics
Soggetti	Neurosciences
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Sommario/riassunto	<p>The basal ganglia constitute a group of subcortical structures, highly interconnected among themselves, as well as with the cerebral cortex, thalamus and other brain areas. These nuclei play a central role in the control of voluntary movement, and their specific pathology comprises the group of diseases known as movement disorders, including Parkinson's disease, Huntington's disease, dystonia and Gilles de la Tourette syndrome, among others. Additionally, the presence of a number of circuits within the basal ganglia related to non-motor functions has been acknowledged. Currently, the basal ganglia are thought to participate in cognitive, limbic and learning functions. Moreover, disorders related to the basal ganglia are known to involve a number of complex, non-motor symptoms and syndromes (e.g. compulsive and addictive behavior). In the light of this evidence, it is becoming clear that our knowledge about the basal ganglia needs to be revised, and that new pathophysiological models of movement disorders are needed. In this context, the study of the pathophysiology of the basal ganglia and the treatment of their pathology is becoming increasingly interdisciplinary. Nowadays, an appropriate approach to the study of these problems must necessarily involve the use of complex mathematical modeling, computer simulations, basic research (ranging from biomolecular studies to animal experimentation), and clinical research. This research topic aims to bring together the most recent advances related to the pathophysiology of the basal ganglia and</p>

movement disorders.
