Record Nr. UNINA9910255279003321 Autore Singh Gurwinder **Titolo** Subsidies in the Context of the WTO's Free Trade System [[electronic resource]]: A Legal and Economic Analysis // by Gurwinder Singh Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, Pubbl/distr/stampa 2017 **ISBN** 3-319-62422-9 Edizione [1st ed. 2017.] 1 online resource (XIX, 351 p. 1 illus.) Descrizione fisica 343.07 Disciplina Soggetti International law Trade Commercial law International Economic Law, Trade Law **Business Law** Sources and Subjects of International Law, International Organizations Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references. Nota di contenuto Regulating free trade from the WTO perspective -- Subsidies in international trade from the WTO perspective -- Discussing agriculture subsidies from the WTO perspective -- Subsidies for dumping --Unfolding the intricacies of trade subsidies through the WTO rules of origins -- The impact of trade subsidies on the environment: a problem for the WTO trading system -- Remedies: the procedural measures --Conclusions and suggestions. Sommario/riassunto This book analyses subsidies from various perspectives and creates a model that determines whether or not their use is justified. Further, it analyses the various causes of trade distortion, trade-discriminatory practices, and other issues associated with unregulated subsidies. In addition, the book considers how these issues fall within the scope of subsidies described under the SCM Agreement. The primary discussion from the perspective of WTO objective concerns the trade practice of awarding subsidies, for exports and also for protectionist purposes.

Here, the terms justifiable and non-justifiable are used as hypothetical parameters to determine the extent of state support, considering the

country classification based on economic and technological criteria, and their objectives for development. These parameters are distinct from Prohibited, Actionable, and Non-Actionable subsidies, as classified under the SCM Agreement. Subsidies awarded for the purposes of development and for welfare are considered as justifiable, whereas subsidies for the promotion of exports or state measures adopted for protectionist purposes are non-justifiable. Lastly, the book addresses the implications of such subsidies on the core objectives of the WTO and in connection with fair trade values.