Record Nr. UNINA9910255053103321 Autore Sawada Yasuyuki **Titolo** Economic Analysis of Suicide Prevention: Towards Evidence-Based Policy-Making / / by Yasuyuki Sawada, Michiko Ueda, Tetsuya Matsubayashi Singapore:,: Springer Singapore:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2017 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 981-10-1500-7 Edizione [1st ed. 2017.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (XIV, 203 p. 31 illus., 17 illus. in color.) Collana Economy and Social Inclusion, Creating a Society for All, , 2509-4270 Disciplina 361 Soggetti Social policy Health economics Social justice Human rights Social service Community psychology Environmental psychology Social Policy **Health Economics** Social Justice, Equality and Human Rights Social Work and Community Development Community and Environmental Psychology Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters. Nota di contenuto 1 Introduction -- Part I Why policy interventions by the government are necessary -- 2 Rationale Behind Suicide Prevention Policies -- 3 Socioeconomic Causes of Suicide -- 4 Natural Disasters and Suicide --5 Suicide Among Adolescents and Young Individuals -- 6 Railway Suicide in Japan -- Part II Prevention policies for reducing suicides -- 7 Government partisanship and suicide -- 8 Economic and Welfare Policies and Suicide -- 9 The Consequences of Government Suicide

Sommario/riassunto

This book examines the causes and consequences of suicide from the perspective of economics. The approach here differs from those in

Prevention Programs.

medical, psychiatric, epidemiological, and sociological studies of suicide and is thus novel in a way that highlights the importance of economic and institutional settings in the problem of suicide. The authors argue that suicide imposes a tremendous economic cost on contemporary society in a variety of ways, requiring the government to develop an effective prevention strategy. An empirical analysis using data from Japan and other developed countries shows that natural disasters and economic crises increase suicide rates, while liberal government policies favorable to the poor can decrease them. Further, the types of effective prevention strategies in the context of railway/subway suicides, celebrity suicides, public awareness campaigns, and education using data primarily from Japan are revealed. This book ultimately contributes to an understanding of suicides and the development of evidence-based policy proposals. The Japanese version of this book won the 56th Nikkei Prize for Economics Books (Nikkei Keizai Tosho Bunka Award) in 2013. Yasuyuki Sawada is Chief Economist of the Asian Development Bank and Professor of Economics at The University of Tokyo. Michiko Ueda is Associate Professor in the Faculty of Political Science and Economics at Waseda University. Tetsuya Matsubayashi is Associate Professor of Osaka School of International Public Policy (OSIPP) at Osaka University. .