Record Nr. UNINA9910255038303321 Japan's Lost Decade: Lessons for Asian Economies / / edited by **Titolo** Naoyuki Yoshino, Farhad Taghizadeh-Hesary Pubbl/distr/stampa Singapore:,: Springer Singapore:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2017 **ISBN** 981-10-5021-X Edizione [1st ed. 2017.] 1 online resource (XIX, 176 p. 71 illus., 46 illus. in color.) Descrizione fisica Collana ADB Institute Series on Development Economics, , 2363-9032 Disciplina 330.952 Soggetti Economic growth Macroeconomics **Population Economic Growth** Macroeconomics/Monetary Economics//Financial Economics **Population Economics** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto 1 Japan's Lost Decade: Causes and Remedies (Naoyuki Yoshino and Farhad Taghizadeh-Hesary) -- 2 Changes in Economic Effect of Infrastructure and Financing Methods: The Japanese Case (Masaki Nakahigashi and Naoyuki Yoshino) -- 3 Optimal Fiscal Policy Rule for Achieving Fiscal Sustainability: A Japanese Case Study (Naoyuki Yoshino, Tetsuro Mizoguchi, and Farhad Taghizadeh-Hesary) -- 4 Macroeconomic Volatility under High Accumulation of Government Debt: Lessons from Japan (Paul D. McNelis and Naoyuki Yoshino) -- 5 Japan's Postwar Monetary Policies: Taylor Rules or Something Else? (James R. Rhodes and Naoyuki Yoshino) -- 6 Oil Price Fluctuations and Oil Consuming Sectors: An Empirical Analysis of Japan (Farhad Taghizadeh-Hesary, Naoyuki Yoshino, and Ehsan Rasolinezhad) -- 7 Three Arrows of "Abenomics" and the Structural Reform of Japan (Naoyuki Yoshino and Farhad Taghizadeh-Hesary) -- 8 The Effectiveness of Japan's Negative Interest Rate Policy (Naoyuki Yoshino,

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This book discusses Japan's long-term economic recession and

provides remedies for that recession that are useful for other Asian

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economies. The book addresses why Japan's economy has stagnated since the bursting of its economic bubble in the 1990s. Its empirical analysis challenges the beliefs of some economists, such as Paul Krugman, that the Japanese economy is caught in a liquidity trap. This book argues that Japan's economic stagnation stems from a vertical "investment-saving" (IS) curve rather than a liquidity trap. The impact of fiscal policy has declined drastically, and the Japanese economy faces structural problems rather than a temporary downturn. These structural problems have many causes: an aging demographic (a problem that is frequently overlooked), an over-reliance by local governments on transfers from the central government, and Basel capital requirements that have made Japanese banks reluctant to lend money to start-up businesses and small and medium-sized enterprises. This latter issue has discouraged Japanese innovation and technological progress. All these issues are addressed empirically and theoretically, and several remedies for Japan's long-lasting recession are provided. This volume will be of interest to researchers and policy makers not only in Japan but also the People's Republic of China, many countries in the eurozone, and the United States, which may face similar challenges in the future.