Record Nr. UNINA9910254936003321 Autore Cesareo Ludovica Titolo Counterfeiting and Piracy: A Comprehensive Literature Review / / by Ludovica Cesareo Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2016 **ISBN** 3-319-25357-3 Edizione [1st ed. 2016.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (74 p.) Collana SpringerBriefs in Business, , 2191-5482 Disciplina 364.1 Soggetti Trade **Business** Commerce Law and economics Mass media Law Market research **Ethics** Law and Economics IT Law, Media Law, Intellectual Property Market Research/Competitive Intelligence Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters. Nota di contenuto 1 Introduction -- 2 The complexity of the counterfeiting and piracy phenomena: a 1980-2015 literature review -- 3 Research methodology -- 4 Figures and trends in the academic research on counterfeiting and piracy -- 5 Content analysis and categorization: towards a systematization of the literature on counterfeiting and piracy -- 6 Discussion, managerial implications, current and future research -- 7 Conclusion. Sommario/riassunto This book aims to identify, analyze, and systematize the available research on counterfeiting and piracy published over a thirty-five year time span (1980–2015) in order to highlight the main trends in the

illicit trade literature, propose suggestions for managers battling

against illicit trade, and provide a starting point for future research. Counterfeiting and piracy, i.e., the violation of intellectual property rights (IPRs), including trademarks, copyright, and patents, have been investigated across a multitude of fields, from ethics to marketing, from law to business, from criminology to psychology. While the number of contributions has been substantial, research on both demand and supply has been fragmented and has at times yielded contradictory results. In addition, the lack of an extensive, interdisciplinary, and up-to-date literature review has made it hard to fully understand what aspects of the phenomenon need further clarification in order to stem consumer demand and provide meaningful suggestions to companies combatting illicit trade daily. A systematization of the existing literature is absolutely paramount and this need is fully met by this book.