Record Nr. UNINA9910254872403321 Chen Zhao Autore Titolo Toward Balanced Growth with Economic Agglomeration: Empirical Studies of China's Urban-Rural and Interregional Development / / by Zhao Chen, Ming Lu Berlin, Heidelberg:,: Springer Berlin Heidelberg:,: Imprint: Springer, Pubbl/distr/stampa . 2016 3-662-47412-3 ISBN Edizione [1st ed. 2016.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (142 p.) Disciplina 330 330.12 338.9 Soggetti Economic development Economic policy **Economics Economic Growth** Political Economy/Economic Systems **Economic Policy** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references. Nota di contenuto Introduction -- Urban-rural integration and spatial agglomeration during urbanization in China -- How should China maintain growth while balancing regional development -- Globalization and Regional Income Inequality in China -- Economic Opening and Domestic Market Integration -- Urban-rural Inequality and regional economic growth in China. Sommario/riassunto This book explains the relationships between equality and efficiency, as well as between government and market, in urban-rural and regional development by providing theoretical frameworks and empirical evidence. Urban-rural development in China is understood from a regional perspective, while the core issue of urban-rural and regional development is cross-regional resource reallocation driven by the

trends of globalization, marketization and urbanization and their influence on growth and inequality. The book puts forward the

following arguments: An urban-rural and regional balance should not be achieved by limiting agglomeration effects in eastern regions. For some time now, China has lacked a suitable mechanism to enable residents in underdeveloped and rural areas to share in the achievements of economic agglomeration. As a result, China should not slow down economic agglomeration and development in eastern regions simply by depending on administrative means to balance urban-rural and regional development. In the final analysis, arriving at a regional balance depends on growth in the eastern regions, provided a reasonable mechanism is implemented to enable inland areas to share in the development achievements of eastern regions. In turn, finding an urban-regional balance rests on urban development, as long as more rural workers can move to and prosper in cities.