1. Record Nr. UNINA9910254860703321

Titolo	Climate Change and Health : Improving Resilience and Reducing Risks / / edited by Walter Leal Filho, Ulisses M. Azeiteiro, Fátima Alves
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2016
ISBN	3-319-24660-7
Edizione	[1st ed. 2016.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (531 p.)
Collana	Climate Change Management, , 1610-2002
Disciplina	330
Soggetti	Environmental economics Climate change Public policy Health economics Health promotion Environmental sciences Environmental Economics Climate Change Management and Policy Public Policy Health Economics Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Environmental Science and Engineering
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	Preface -- Part I: Human Health and Climate Change -- Part II: Climate Change and Infectious Diseases -- Part III: Climate Change and Health: Education, Training and Governance -- Part IV: Climate Change and Health Across Regions.
Sommario/riassunto	A major objective of this volume is to create and share knowledge about the socio-economic, political and cultural dimensions of climate change. The authors analyze the effects of climate change on the social and environmental determinants of the health and well-being of communities (i.e. poverty, clean air, safe drinking water, food supplies) and on extreme events such as floods and hurricanes. The book covers

topics such as the social and political dimensions of the ebola response, inequalities in urban migrant communities, as well as water-related health effects of climate change. The contributors recommend political and social-cultural strategies for mitigate, adapt and prevent the impacts of climate change to human and environmental health. The book will be of interest to scholars and practitioners interested in new methods and tools to reduce risks and to increase health resilience to climate change.