Record Nr. UNINA9910254628103321 Ferroelectric-Gate Field Effect Transistor Memories: Device Physics and **Titolo** Applications / / edited by Byung-Eun Park, Hiroshi Ishiwara, Masanori Okuyama, Shigeki Sakai, Sung-Min Yoon Dordrecht:,: Springer Netherlands:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2016 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 94-024-0841-X Edizione [1st ed. 2016.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (350 p.) Topics in Applied Physics, , 0303-4216; ; 131 Collana 530 Disciplina Soggetti Electronic circuits Electronics Microelectronics Materials—Surfaces Thin films Surfaces (Physics) Interfaces (Physical sciences) **Electronic Circuits and Devices** Electronics and Microelectronics, Instrumentation Surfaces and Interfaces, Thin Films Circuits and Systems Surface and Interface Science, Thin Films Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references. Nota di contenuto Operation Principle of One-Transistor Type Ferroelectric-gate Field Effect Transistors -- Practical Characteristics of Inorganic Ferroelectricgate FETs -- Si-Based Ferroelectric-gate Field Effect Transistors --Thin film-Based Ferroelectric-gate Field Effect Transistors -- Practical Characteristics of Organic Ferroelectric-gate FETs -- Si-Based Ferroelectric-gate Field Effect Transistors -- Thin film-Based Ferroelectric-gate Field Effect Transistors -- Ferroelectric-gate Field Effect Transistors with flexible substrates -- Applications and Future Prospects.

This book provides comprehensive coverage of the materials

Sommario/riassunto

characteristics, process technologies, and device operations for memory field-effect transistors employing inorganic or organic ferroelectric thin films. This transistor-type ferroelectric memory has interesting fundamental device physics and potentially large industrial impact. Among the various applications of ferroelectric thin films, the development of nonvolatile ferroelectric random access memory (FeRAM) has progressed most actively since the late 1980s and has achieved modest mass production levels for specific applications since 1995. There are two types of memory cells in ferroelectric nonvolatile memories. One is the capacitor-type FeRAM and the other is the fieldeffect transistor (FET)-type FeRAM. Although the FET-type FeRAM claims ultimate scalability and nondestructive readout characteristics. the capacitor-type FeRAMs have been the main interest for the major semiconductor memory companies, because the ferroelectric FET has fatal handicaps of cross-talk for random accessibility and short retention time. This book aims to provide readers with the development history, technical issues, fabrication methodologies, and promising applications of FET-type ferroelectric memory devices, presenting a comprehensive review of past, present, and future technologies. The topics discussed will lead to further advances in large-area electronics implemented on glass or plastic substrates as well as in conventional Si electronics. The book is composed of chapters written by leading researchers in ferroelectric materials and related device technologies, including oxide and organic ferroelectric thin films.