1.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910638995203321
	Autore	Granata, Elena
	Titolo	La macchina del tempo : leggere la città europea contemporanea / Elena Granata, Carolina Pacchi
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Milano, : Marinotti, 2011
	ISBN	978-88-8273-127-4
	Descrizione fisica	230 p. ; 21 cm
	Collana	Il pensiero dell'arte ; 15
	Altri autori (Persone)	Pacchi, Carolina
	Locazione	FARBC
	Collocazione	LEPORE 718
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia

Record Nr.	UNINA9910254301503321
Autore	Wallach Nolan R
Titolo	Geometric Invariant Theory : Over the Real and Complex Numbers / / by Nolan R. Wallach
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2017
ISBN	3-319-65907-3
Edizione	[1st ed. 2017.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XIV, 190 p.)
Collana	Universitext, , 0172-5939
Disciplina	512.5
Soggetti	Algebraic geometry Group theory Algebraic Geometry Group Theory and Generalizations
Lingua di pubblicazione	
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Preface Part I. Background Theory 1. Algebraic Geometry 2. Lie Groups and Algebraic Groups Part II. Geometric Invariant Theory 3. The Affine Theory 4. Weight Theory in Geometric Invariant Theory 5. Classical and Geometric Invariant Theory for Products of Classical Groups References Index.
Sommario/riassunto	Geometric Invariant Theory (GIT) is developed in this text within the context of algebraic geometry over the real and complex numbers. This sophisticated topic is elegantly presented with enough background theory included to make the text accessible to advanced graduate students in mathematics and physics with diverse backgrounds in algebraic and differential geometry. Throughout the book, examples are emphasized. Exercises add to the reader's understanding of the material; most are enhanced with hints. The exposition is divided into two parts. The first part, 'Background Theory', is organized as a reference for the rest of the book. It contains two chapters developing material in complex and real algebraic geometry and algebraic groups that are difficult to find in the literature. Chapter 1 emphasizes the relationship between the Zariski topology and the canonical Hausdorff topology of an algebraic variety over the complex numbers. Chapter 2 develops the interaction between Lie groups and algebraic

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groups. Part 2, 'Geometric Invariant Theory' consists of three chapters (3–5). Chapter 3 centers on the Hilbert–Mumford theorem and contains a complete development of the Kempf–Ness theorem and Vindberg's theory. Chapter 4 studies the orbit structure of a reductive algebraic group on a projective variety emphasizing Kostant's theory. The final chapter studies the extension of classical invariant theory to products of classical groups emphasizing recent applications of the theory to physics.

Record Nr.	UNINA9910433229403321
Autore	Donaldson Liam
Titolo	Textbook of Patient Safety and Clinical Risk Management / / edited by Liam Donaldson, Walter Ricciardi, Susan Sheridan, Riccardo Tartaglia
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Springer Nature, 2021
	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2021
ISBN	3-030-59403-3
Edizione	[1st ed. 2021.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XIII, 496 p. 53 illus., 39 illus. in color.)
Disciplina	616
Soggetti	Internal medicine
	Surgery
	Risk management
	Pharmacy
	Laboratory medicine
	Internal Medicine
	Risk Management
	Drug Safety and Pharmacovigilance
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	Part I. Introduction 1. Guidelines and Safety Practices for Improving Patient Safety 2. Brief story of a clinical risk manager 3. Human Error and Patient Safety 4. Looking forward to the future 5. Safer

care: shaping the future -- 6. Patients for Patient Safety -- 7. Human Factors and Ergonomics in Health Care and Patient Safety from the Perspective of Medical Residents -- Part II. Background -- 8. Patient Safety in the World -- 9. Infection Prevention and Control -- 10. The patient journey -- 11. Adverse event investigation and risk assessment -- 12. From theory to real world integration: implementation science and beyond -- Part III. Patient safety in the main clinical specialties --13. Intensive care and anesthesiology -- 14. "Safe Surgery Saves Lives" -- 15. Emergency Department Clinical Risk -- 16. Obstetric Safety Patient -- 17. Patient Safety in the main clinical specialties -- 18. Risks in Oncology and Radiation Therapy -- 19. Orthopaedics and Traumatology -- 20.Patient Safety & Risk Management in Mental Health -- 21. Pediatrics -- 22. Patient safety in the main clinical specialties: Radiology -- 23. Organ Donor Risk Stratification in Italy -- 24. Patient Safety in Laboratory Medicine -- 25. Ophthalmology -- IV Healthcare organization -- 26. Community and Primary Care -- 27. Complexity science as a frame for understanding the management and delivery of high quality and safer care -- 28. Measuring clinical workflow to improve quality and safety -- 29. Shiftwork Organization -- 30. Non Technical Skills in Healthcare -- 31. Medication safety -- 32. Digital technology and usabilility and ergonomics of medical devices -- 33. Lessons learned from the Japan Obstetric Compensation System for Cerebral Palsy: A novel system of data aggregation, investigation, amelioration, and no-fault compensation -- 34. Coping with the COVID -19 pandemic: roles and responsibilities for preparedness.

Sommario/riassunto

Implementing safety practices in healthcare saves lives and improves the quality of care: it is therefore vital to apply good clinical practices, such as the WHO surgical checklist, to adopt the most appropriate measures for the prevention of assistance-related risks, and to identify the potential ones using tools such as reporting & learning systems. The culture of safety in the care environment and of human factors influencing it should be developed from the beginning of medical studies and in the first years of professional practice, in order to have the maximum impact on clinicians' and nurses' behavior. Medical errors tend to vary with the level of proficiency and experience, and this must be taken into account in adverse events prevention. Human factors assume a decisive importance in resilient organizations, and an understanding of risk control and containment is fundamental for all medical and surgical specialties. This open access book offers recommendations and examples of how to improve patient safety by changing practices, introducing organizational and technological innovations, and creating effective, patient-centered, timely, efficient, and equitable care systems, in order to spread the quality and patient safety culture among the new generation of healthcare professionals, and is intended for residents and young professionals in different clinical specialties.