Record Nr. UNINA9910254200303321 Autore Yu Wen Titolo Active Structural Control with Stable Fuzzy PID Techniques / / by Wen Yu, Suresh Thenozhi Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2016 **ISBN** 3-319-28025-2 Edizione [1st ed. 2016.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (129 p.) Collana SpringerBriefs in Applied Sciences and Technology, , 2191-530X 624.17 Disciplina Soggetti Automatic control Buildings—Design and construction Building Construction Engineering, Architectural Computational intelligence Vibration **Dynamics** Control and Systems Theory **Building Construction and Design** Computational Intelligence Vibration, Dynamical Systems, Control Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Introduction -- Active Structural Control -- Position and Velocity Estimation -- Stable PID Active Control of Building Structures -- Fuzzy PID Control of Building Structures -- Fuzzy Sliding-Mode Control for Wind-Induced Vibration -- Conclusions. Sommario/riassunto This book presents a detailed discussion of intelligent techniques to measure the displacement of buildings when they are subjected to vibration. It shows how these techniques are used to control active devices that can reduce vibration 60-80% more effectively than widely

used passive anti-seismic systems. After introducing various structural control devices and building-modeling and active structural control

methods, the authors propose offset cancellation and high-pass filtering techniques to solve some common problems of buildingdisplacement measurement using accelerometers. The most popular control algorithms in industrial settings, PD/PID controllers, are then analyzed and then combined with fuzzy compensation. The stability of this combination is proven with standard weight-training algorithms. These conditions provide explicit methods for selecting PD/PID controllers. Finally, fuzzy-logic and sliding-mode control are applied to the control of wind-induced vibration. The methods described are supported by reports of experimental studies on a two-story building prototype. This book is a valuable resource for academic researchers interested in the effects of control and mechatronic devices within buildings, or those studying the principles of vibration reduction. Practicing engineers working on the design and construction of any sort of high-rise or vulnerable building and concerned with the effects of either wind or seismic disturbances benefit from the efficacy of the methods proposed.