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Autore	Testa, Virgilio
Titolo	Disciplina urbanistica / Virgilio Testa
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Descrizione fisica	VIII, 796 p. ; 24 cm
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Lingua di pubblicazione	Italiano
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Livello bibliografico	Monografia
2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910254089303321
Autore	Vallverdu Jordi
Titolo	Bayesians Versus Frequentists : A Philosophical Debate on Statistical Reasoning // by Jordi Vallverdú
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Heidelberg : , : Springer Berlin Heidelberg : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2016
ISBN	3-662-48638-5
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Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (118 p.)
Collana	SpringerBriefs in Statistics, , 2191-5458
Disciplina	100
Soggetti	Science - Philosophy Mathematics History Science - History Statistics Philosophy of Science History of Mathematical Sciences History of Science Statistical Theory and Methods
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Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and index.
Nota di contenuto	Some Questions to Begin with -- Ancient Statistics History in a Nutshell -- The Bayesian Approach and its Evolution until the Beginning of 20th Century -- A Conceptual Reply to Reverend Bayes: the Frequentist Approach -- The Co-evolution, Battles and Fights of Both Paradigms -- The Birth of Multicausality as the Death of Causality and Their Statistical Corollaries.- Natural vs. Artificial Minds and the Supercomputing Era -- And the Winner is... -- References.
Sommario/riassunto	This book analyzes the origins of statistical thinking as well as its related philosophical questions, such as causality, determinism or chance. Bayesian and frequentist approaches are subjected to a historical, cognitive and epistemological analysis, making it possible to not only compare the two competing theories, but to also find a potential solution. The work pursues a naturalistic approach, proceeding from the existence of numerosity in natural environments to the existence of contemporary formulas and methodologies to heuristic pragmatism, a concept introduced in the book's final section. This monograph will be of interest to philosophers and historians of science and students in related fields. Despite the mathematical nature of the topic, no statistical background is required, making the book a valuable read for anyone interested in the history of statistics and human cognition.