Record Nr. UNINA9910253939803321 Biocommunication of Archaea / / edited by Guenther Witzany Titolo Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, Pubbl/distr/stampa 2017 **ISBN** 3-319-65536-1 Edizione [1st ed. 2017.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (XX, 324 p. 51 illus., 35 illus. in color.) 579.17 Disciplina Soggetti Microbial ecology Microbiology Behavioral sciences Virology Microbial Ecology **Behavioral Sciences** Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters. Nota di contenuto Preface -- 1. Introduction: Keylevels of Biocommunication of Archaea -- 2. The Cooccurrence of Archaea and Bacteria among Diverse Globally Distributed Ecosystems -- 3. Direct Interspecies Electron Transfer Between Archaea and Bacteria -- 4. Why Archaea are Limited in their Exploitation of Other, Living Organisms -- 5. Archaeal Surface Structures and Their Role in Communication with the Extracellular Environment -- 6. Archaeal Biocommunication in Hot Springs Revealed by Metagenomics -- 7. Sexual Communication in Archaea, the Precursor to Eukaryotic Meiosis -- 8. Quorum Sensing in Archaea: Recent Advances and Emerging Directions -- 9. Biofilm Lifestyle of Thermophile and Acidophile Archaea -- 10. The Compressed Vocabulary of the Proteins of Archaea -- 11. KaiC-like ATPases as Signal Transduction Hubs in Archaea -- 12. Archaea were Trailblazers in Signaling Evolution: Protein Adaptation and Structural Fluidity as a

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Sommario/riassunto

Archaea represent a third domain of life with unique properties not found in the other domains. Archaea actively compete for environmental resources. They perceive themselves and can distinguish between 'self' and 'non-self'. They process and evaluate available information and then modify their behaviour accordingly. They assess their surroundings, estimate how much energy they need for particular goals, and then realize the optimum variant. These highly diverse competences show us that this is possible owing to sign(aling)mediated communication processes within archaeal cells (intraorganismic), between the same, related and different archaeal species (interorganismic), and between archaea and non-archaeal organisms (transorganismic). This is crucial in coordinating growth and development, shape and dynamics. Such communication must function both on the local level and between widely separated colony parts. This allows archaea to coordinate appropriate response behaviors in a differentiated manner to their current developmental status and physiological influences. This book will orientate further investigations on how archaeal ecosphere inhabitants communicate with each other to coordinate their behavioral patterns and whats the role of viruses in this highly dynamic interactional networks.