Record Nr. UNINA9910220106003321 Sustaining U.S. nuclear submarine design capabilities / / John F. Schank **Titolo** ... [et al.] Pubbl/distr/stampa Santa Monica, CA, : RAND Corp., 2007 **ISBN** 1-281-18116-1 9786611181161 0-8330-4276-9 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (235 p.) Altri autori (Persone) SchankJohn F <1946-> (John Frederic) Disciplina 359.9/3 Soggetti Nuclear submarines - United States - Design and construction - 21st century Shipbuilding industry - Employees - United States - 21st century Navy-yards and naval stations - United States Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 199-201). Nota di contenuto Cover; Preface; Contents; Figures; Tables; Summary; Acknowledgments; Abbreviations; Chapter One - Introduction; Problem and Objectives; Analytical Approach; Organization of This Monograph; Chapter Two -The Submarine Design Process; Evolution of the Nuclear Submarine Force; Submarine Design Phases; Mix of Skills Required to Design a Nuclear Submarine; Chapter Three - Framing the Analysis; Methodology for Analyzing Workforce ManagementStrategies: Estimating the Future Demand for Submarine DesignResources; **Alternative Demand Assumptions** Managing the Submarine Design Workforce Requires aLong-Range ViewModeling Workforce Management Strategies: Summary: Chapter Four - Effect of Different Options for Managing Design Resources; Analyzing the Base Case: Impact of Different Design Start Dates: Implications of a Longer Design Duration; Implications of Splitting the Workload Between EB and NGNN; Sensitivity to Workforce Input Variables; Qualitative Impacts of the "Do Nothing" Option; Options for

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For the first time since the design of the first nuclear submarine, the U. S. Navy has no nuclear submarine design program under way, which raises the possibility that design capability could be lost. Such a loss could result in higher costs and delays when the next submarine design is undertaken, as well as risks to system performance and safety. The authors estimate and compare the costs and delays of letting design capability erode vs. those of alternative means of managing the workload and workforce over the gap in design demand and beyond. The authors recommend that the Navy consider stret