1. Record Nr. UNINA9910213813603321 Autore Connable Ben Titolo Stretching and exploiting thresholds for high-order war: how Russia, China, and Iran are eroding American influence using time-tested measures short of war / / Ben Connable, Jason H. Campbell, Dan Madden Santa Monica, California: ,: RAND Corporation, , 2016 Pubbl/distr/stampa ©2016 **ISBN** 0-8330-9544-7 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (57 p.) Disciplina 355.0218 Low-intensity conflicts (Military science) Soggetti Electronic books. United States Military policy History 21st century United States Foreign relations 21st century **United States** Inglese Lingua di pubblicazione **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Includes bibliographical references. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Cover; Title Page; Copyright; Preface; Contents; Figure; Summary; Acknowledgments: Abbreviations: CHAPTER ONE: Time-Tested Measures Short of War; Myths of the New Paradigms; CHAPTER TWO: American Understanding of Thresholds Is Impractical; CHAPTER THREE: Russia, China, and Iran Apply Measures Short of War; Example 1: Russia Exploits and Stretches Thresholds in Eastern Europe; Example 2: China Expands Its Boundaries in East Asia; Example 3: Iran in Iraq; CHAPTER FOUR: Conclusion, Considerations, and Cautions; Considerations The Risks of Improving and Increasing the Use of Measures Short of WarBibliography Sommario/riassunto "U.S. thresholds for high-order conventional and nuclear war are

"U.S. thresholds for high-order conventional and nuclear war are diffuse and dynamic, differ across regions, and are hard to enforce. Since 9/11, three of the primary nation-state competitors to the United States--Russia, China, and Iran--have successfully exploited or stretched U.S. thresholds for high-order war in order to further their strategic ends and, in the process, undermine U.S. interests. Each of

these countries has made expert use of some combination of measures short of war, including economic leverage, terrorism, limited military incursions, aggressive diplomacy, and covert action, to enact its strategies. Some argue that these actions constitute a new international order, or perhaps a new way of war. They do not: Use of measures short of war is time-tested nation-state behavior. U.S. policymakers and military service leaders would benefit from additional consideration of these measures, how they are used against the United States, and how they might be defended against and exploited to further U.S. strategic interests"--Publisher's description.