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Glasses; 2.1.6 Growth Rate; 2.1.7 Combined Growth and Nucleation Rates, Phase Transformation and Critical Cooling Rate; 2.2 Thermal Characterization using Differential Scanning Calorimetry (DSC) and Differential Thermal Analysis (DTA) Techniques; 2.2.1 General Features of a Thermal Characterization; 2.2.2 Methods of Characterization; 2.2.3 Determining the Characteristic Temperatures; 2.2.4 Determination of Apparent Activation Energy of Devitrification 2.3 Coefficients of Thermal Expansion of Inorganic Glasses2.4 Viscosity Behaviour in the near-Tq, above Tq and in the Liquidus Temperature Ranges; 2.5 Density of Inorganic Glasses; 2.6 Specific Heat and its Temperature Dependence in the Glassy State; 2.7 Conclusion; References: 3: Bulk Glass Fabrication and Properties: 3.1 Introduction: 3.2 Fabrication Steps for Bulk Glasses; 3.2.1 Chemical Vapour Technique for Oxide Glasses; 3.2.2 Batch Preparation for Melting Glasses; 3.2.3 Chemical Treatment Before and During Melting 3.3 Chemical Purification Methods for Heavier Oxide (GeO2 and TeO2) Glasses3.4 Drying, Fusion and Melting Techniques for Fluoride Glasses; 3.4.1 Raw Materials; 3.4.2 Control of Hydroxyl lons during Drying and Melting of Fluorides: 3.5 Chemistry of Purification and Melting Reactions for Chalcogenide Materials; 3.6 Need for Annealing Glass after Casting; 3.7 Fabrication of Transparent Glass Ceramics; 3.8 Sol-Gel Technique for Glass Formation; 3.8.1 Background Theory; 3.8.2 Examples of Materials Chemistry and Sol-Gel Forming Techniques; 3.9 Conclusions: References

4: Optical Fibre Design, Engineering, Fabrication and Characterization