1. Record Nr. UNINA9910163186203321 Autore Neumann U.S. Army Jonathan T Titolo The Military Decision Making Process and the Battle of the Little Bighorn Pubbl/distr/stampa TBD:,: Normanby Press,, 2014 ©2014 **ISBN** 9781782897620 1782897623 Edizione [1st ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (64 p.) Disciplina 973.89 Soggetti Military planning - History Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Title page -- TABLE OF CONTENTS -- LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS --Nota di contenuto PREFACE -- EXECUTIVE SUMMARY -- Project Objective -- THE CAMPAIGN OF 1876 -- CUSTER'S TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE -- The Military Academy -- Civil War On the Job Training -- Development as a Expeditionary Warrior -- THE MILITARY DECISION MAKING PROCESS -- AFTERMATH -- APPENDIX A: THE 1868 TREATY OF LARAMIE --APPENDIX B: WEST POINT CURRICULUM -- APPENDIX C: OTHER CAMPAIGNS AND/OR BATTLES AVAILABLE FOR CUSTER TO STUDY --APPENDIX D: BATTLEFIELD AFFECTS ANALYSIS -- Bibliography Based on his background, education, training, and the information Sommario/riassunto available at the time of his attack, Lieutenant Colonel George Armstrong Custer made good decisions as he lead the 7th Cavalry in its defeat at the Little Bighorn. Custer received the standard precommissioning education that West Point used to mold all future Army leaders. That education served him well in the Civil War where he enjoyed tactical success and a meteoric rise to fame and high rank. Following that conventional conflict, Custer entered into world of irregular warfare and voluntary forces. His defeat at the Little Bighorn ended 10 years of development as an unconventional warrior. Despite the common perception that his decisions invited disaster, by using the current Military Decision Making Process, and the intelligence available

to him professionals of today can recreate the command decisions he

made that day in June 1876 and possibly conclude that they were not to blame for the defeat. Custer's military decisions are very similar to those a current leader would make using current military decision making doctrine.