Record Nr. UNINA9910160707203321 Autore Glarou Despoina Titolo The impact of naturalistic and legal positivist doctrines on the implementation of international human rights treaty law: the case of reservations to human rights treaties / / Despoina Glarou Nomos Verlagsgesellschaft mbH & Co. KG Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 3-8452-7842-0 Classificazione KC200 International law and human rights Soggetti Human rights Treaties - Reservations Natural law Legal positivism Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di contenuto Fundamental aspects of the modern human rights concept -- The principles of respect for fundamental human rights and its implementation -- Human rights in a legal theoretical systematic approach: natural law and legal positivism -- Reservations to human rights treaties: natural law theory and legal positivism as underlying barriers to human rights implementation. "The concept of human rights has developed during the last 60 years Sommario/riassunto mainly through multilateral treaties as a positivist branch of public international law. However, key positivist doctrines such as pacta sunt servanda or state sovereignty pose significant obstacles to the effective realization of a modern human rights regime. The universal, inherent and inalienable nature of fundamental human rights, deriving from their natural law origins, are often set aside by such doctrines and annulled. Through close examination of reservations to human rights treaties, this study sheds new light on the deep interplay of naturalistic

> and legal positivist doctrines on the progress and implementation of human rights law (CEDAW, HR Committee, ILC). It is argued that the positions of apex human rights bodies regarding reservations reveal

that establishing a human rights concept within a legal positivist environment, without a systematic methodological foundation, endangers its basic sustainability."--