1. Record Nr. UNINA9910159460503321 Autore Looseley David Titolo Edith Piaf: a cultural history / / David Looseley Pubbl/distr/stampa Liverpool:,: Liverpool University Press,, 2015 **ISBN** 1-78138-859-8 1-78694-528-2 1-78138-425-8 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (vii, 254 pages) : digital, PDF file(s) Collana Liverpool scholarship online Disciplina 782.42164092 Soggetti Popular music - France - History and criticism Popular culture - France - 20th century Biographies Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Title from publisher's bibliographic system (viewed on 07 Jul 2017). Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Pt. I NARRATING PIAF -- 1. Inventing la Mome -- 2. Piaf and her public -- 3. A singer at war -- pt. II PIAF AND CHANSON -- 4. A new Piaf -- 5. High art, low culture: Piaf and la chanson française -- 6. Ideology. tragedy, celebrity: a new middlebrow -- pt. III AFTERLIVES -- 7. Losing Piaf -- 8. Remembering Piaf -- 9. Performing Piaf. The world-famous French singer Edith Piaf (1915-63) was never just a Sommario/riassunto singer. Dozens of biographies of her, of variable quality, have seldom got beyond the well known and usually contested 'facts' of her life. This book suggests new ways of understanding her. A 'cultural history' of Piaf means exploring her cultural, social and political significance as a national and international icon, looking at her shifting meanings over time, at home and abroad. How did she become a star and a myth? What did she come to mean in life and in death? At the centenary of her birth and more than fifty years after her passing, why do we still remember her work and commemorate her through the work of others, from Claude Nougaro and Elton John to Ben Harper and Zaz, as well as in films, musicals, documentaries and tribute acts around the world? What does she mean today? The book proposes the notion of an

imagined Piaf. To a large extent, she was her own invention, not only by virtue of her talent but because she produced narratives about

herself, building a mystery. But she was also the invention of others: of those she worked with but above all of her audiences, who made their own meanings from her carefully staged performances. Since her death, the world has been free to imagine new Piafs. From the 1930s until today, she has variously embodied conceptions of the 'popular' and of 'chanson' as a new kind of middlebrow, of gender, sexuality, national identity and the human condition.