

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910483280003321
Autore	Hou Renzhi
Titolo	An Historical Geography of Peiping // by Renzhi Hou
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Berlin, Heidelberg : , : Springer Berlin Heidelberg : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2014
ISBN	3-642-55321-4
Edizione	[1st ed. 2014.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (193 p.)
Collana	China Academic Library, , 2195-1853
Disciplina	951.156
Soggetti	Human geography Human Geography
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters.
Nota di contenuto	Chi under the Chou Dynasty (ca.1122—220 B.C.): Capital of the Feudal State of Yen -- Chi During the Ch'in-Han Period (221 B.C.—A.D.220): A Phase of Commercial Expansion -- Chi in the Dark Ages prior to the Unification of Sui (221—589): With Special Reference to the Development of Local Irrigation -- Yu Chou of Sui and T'ang Dynasties up to the Khitan Occupation (590—937): Key Position in Frontier Struggle -- Nan-ching (938—1122) of the Liao Dynasty (916—1125) -- Chung-tu (1151—1215) of the Chin Dynasty (1115—1234) -- Khanbaliq (1267—1368) of the Yüan Dynasty (1260—1368) -- Peking (1420—1911) of the Ming and Ch'ing Dynasties (1368—1911).
Sommario/riassunto	This book is about the city of Peiping in China, also known as Beijing and Peking, and a city of great historical significance. Divided into three parts, this work explores Peiping first as a frontier city at a time when the Great Wall was established, from the Chou dynasty (ca.1122—220 B.C.) until the T'ang Dynasties up to the Khitan Occupation (A.D. 590—937). The second part explores Peiping as it becomes a national centre, through the Liao Dynasty and the Chin Dynasty, until 1234, and the third part explores how it became the capital of the Chinese empire, until 1911. This work is a historical geography and the introduction details topographical features and geographical relations of the city, describing the way in which the mountains rise from the plain creating concave arms to enclose Peiping, leading to the name, the 'Bay of Peiping'. We learn that the mountains frequently reach over 3000ft and

have practically no foot-hills, whilst the bay itself is filled with sediments of gravel, sand, loam and loess which have been deposited in horizontal strata, to a great depth. Numerous illustrations and figures are included, and readers will see how the city sits between two rivers, the Hun (or Muddy River) and the Pai (or White River). These chapters reveal how each river has made its contribution to the material development of the city and its environs, including through irrigation and as the Hun River shifted its course. Owing to the geography of the region, almost all roads leading from the northern lands of Mongolia and Manchuria to the great plain of North China in the south are bound to converge at Peiping. The historical consequences of this, as well as local climate conditions and other aspects of geography are explored in this book, which traces the historical rise to eminence of Peiping.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910158682403321
Autore	Becker Y
Titolo	The Agent of Trachoma : : Recent Studies of the Biology, Biochemistry and Immunology of a Prokaryotic Obligate Parasite of Eukaryocytes / / Y. Becker
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Basel : , : S. Karger, , 1974
ISBN	9783318040296 3318040290
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (XIV + 99 pages) : : 12 figures, 5 tables
Collana	Issn Series
Disciplina	576/.62
Soggetti	Infectious Diseases Allergy Immunology Microbiology Ophthalmology Preventive Medicine Social Medicine
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

