

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910463980603321
Titolo	Language processing and grammars : the role of functionally oriented computational models // edited by Brian Nolan, Carlos Perinan-Pascual
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Amsterdam, Netherlands : , : John Benjamins Publishing Company, , 2014 ©2014
ISBN	90-272-7064-3
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (402 p.)
Collana	Studies in Language Companion Series, , 0165-7763 ; ; Volume 150
Disciplina	006.3/5
Soggetti	Natural language processing (Computer science) Functionalism (Linguistics) Generative grammar Computational linguistics Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters.
Nota di contenuto	Language Processing and Grammars; Editorial page; Title page; LCC data; Table of contents; Introduction; References; From the extraction of continuous features in parallel texts to visual analytics of heterogeneous areal-typological datasets; 1. Introduction; 2. Algorithmic typology; 2.1 Degree of synthesis; 2.2 Amount of prefixing and suffixing; 2.3 Amount of case marking; 2.4 Synthetic vs. analytic negation marking; 3. Visual analytics; 4. Combining genealogical and areal information in a single visualization; 4.1 The extended sunburst display; 4.2 User interaction; 4.3 Design decisions 4.4 Meta-information5. Case studies; 5.1 Case study 1: Indo-European languages; 5.2 Case study 2: Languages of Papua New Guinea; 6. Conclusions and outlook; Acknowledgments; References; Lexical-syntactic analysis model of Spanish multi-word expressions; 1. Introduction; 2. Lexicon and syntactic phenomena; 2.1 The Lexicon; 2.2 Lexical and syntactic phenomena; 3. Combinatorial interdependencies; 3.1 Syntagmatic relations; Addition; Ellipsis; Permutation; Versification; 3.2 Paradigmatic relations; Commutation; Deautomatization; Morpho-

syntactic invariability features

3.3 Inflectional morphology of complex lexical units3.4 Formal definitions; 3.5 Typology of multi-member lexical units; 4. Formal representation; 5. Conclusions; References; Three-place predicates in RRG; 1. Introduction; 2. RRG accounts to three-place predicates; 3. A new computational model to RRG; 4. Conclusion; References; A Role and Reference Grammar parser for German; 1. Introduction; 1.1 Grammatical features of German; 1.2 The grammar model; 2. German sentence structure in a RRG construction representation; 3. Functional and technical requirements
4. The constructions used for the parser4.1 Construction 1: Die Katze trinkt die Milch; 4.2 Construction 2: Die Katze trank die Milch; 4.3 Construction 3: Die Katze ist auf dem Tisch; 4.4 Construction 4: Trinkt die Katze die Milch; 4.5 Construction 5: Die Katze hat die Milch getrunken; 4.6 Construction 6: Getrunken hat die Katze die Milch; 4.7 Construction 7: Die Milch wird von der Katze getrunken; 4.8 Construction 8: Die Katze hat die Milch auf dem Tisch getrunken; 5. Functional requirements of the parser; 5.1 Sentence structure; 5.2 The lexicon
5.3 The layout of the Role and Reference Grammar structure representation6. Testing and results; 6.1 Testing of construction 1; 6.2 Testing of construction 2; 6.3 Testing of construction 3; 6.4 Testing of construction 4; 6.5 Testing of construction 5; 6.6 Testing of construction 6; 6.7 Testing of construction 7; 6.8 Testing of construction 8; 7. Discussion; 7.1 Purpose; 7.2 Significance of this work; 7.3 Future enhancements; References; Extending a lexicalist functional grammar through speech acts, constructions and conversational software agents; 1. Introduction
2. Intelligent conversational agents

Sommario/riassunto

This paper investigates the notion of low-level situational cognitive model, its role in linguistic description and its possible computational treatment in the knowledge base FunGramKB. Low-level situational models are exploited metonymically to produce situation-based implicatures. When such inferences become stably associated with a formal pattern, they give rise to implicational constructions. Other kinds of construction make use of different kinds of cognitive model. For example, argument-structure constructions are based on high-level non-situational cognitive models. The paper then provi

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910452232503321
Autore	Fisher Jennifer <1949->
Titolo	"Nutcracker" nation [[electronic resource]] : how an Old World ballet became a Christmas tradition in the New World / / Jennifer Fisher
Pubbl/distr/stampa	New Haven, : Yale University Press, c2003
ISBN	1-281-72301-0 9786611723019 0-300-13343-X
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (253 p.)
Disciplina	792.8/4
Soggetti	Christmas - United States Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references (p. 213-219) and index. Filmography: p. 219.
Nota di contenuto	Front matter -- Contents -- Preface -- Acknowledgments -- One. The Early Years -- Two. Making Friends at Christmastime -- Three. Fitting In -- Four. Experiences and Relationships -- Five. The Meaning of Life -- Notes -- Bibliography -- Index -- Photo Credits
Sommario/riassunto	The Nutcracker is the most popular ballet in the world, adopted and adapted by hundreds of communities across the United States and Canada every Christmas season. In this entertainingly informative book, Jennifer Fisher offers new insights into the Nutcracker phenomenon, examining it as a dance scholar and critic, a former participant, an observer of popular culture, and an interviewer of those who dance, present, and watch the beloved ballet. Fisher traces The Nutcracker's history from its St. Petersburg premiere in 1892 through its emigration to North America in the mid-twentieth century to the many productions of recent years. She notes that after it was choreographed by another Russian immigrant to the New World, George Balanchine, the ballet began to thrive and variegated: Hawaiians added hula, Canadians added hockey, Mark Morris set it in the swinging sixties, and Donald Byrd placed it in Harlem. The dance world underestimates The Nutcracker at its peril, Fisher suggests, because the ballet is one of its most

powerfully resonant traditions. After starting life as a Russian ballet based on a German tale about a little girl's imagination, The Nutcracker has become a way for Americans to tell a story about their communal values and themselves.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910155391903321
Autore	Oberloskamp Eva
Titolo	Codename TREVI : Terrorismusbekämpfung und die Anfänge einer europäischen Innenpolitik in den 1970er Jahren / / Eva Oberloskamp
Pubbl/distr/stampa	De Gruyter, 2016 München ; ; Wien : , : De Gruyter Oldenbourg, , [2016] ©2016
ISBN	9783486992502 3486992503 9783486992816 3486992813
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (323 pages)
Collana	Quellen und Darstellungen zur Zeitgeschichte ; ; 111
Classificazione	MK 5240
Disciplina	327.4
Soggetti	Europa Europe Europäische Konferenz für Innere Sicherheit Internationale Beziehungen TREVI-Konferenz Terrorism Terrorismus democracy state HISTORY / General Europe Foreign relations
Lingua di pubblicazione	Tedesco
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.

Nota di contenuto

Frontmatter -- Inhalt -- Vorwort -- 1. Einleitung -- 2. Kontexte der 1970er Jahre -- 3. Vorgeschichte -- 4. Einrichtung und Grundstrukturen der TREVI- Konferenz -- 5. Die Entstehung eines europäischen Politikfeldes Innere Sicherheit -- 6. Strukturelle Schwierigkeiten der frühen TREVI-Kooperation -- 7. Zur Verantwortlichkeit (accountability) der Akteure im demokratischen System -- 8. Synthese und Ausblick -- Quellen- und Literaturverzeichnis -- Abbildungsverzeichnis -- Abkürzungsverzeichnis -- Personenregister -- Sachregister

Sommario/riassunto

Terrorism became an international problem in the 1970s, forcing the nine states in the European Community to cooperate in the realm of domestic security. The so-called TREVI meeting set the direction for the development of European domestic security policy. The author shows that the meeting was a pragmatic response to terrorism while at the same time, an instrument of broader integration efforts. Terroristische Gruppierungen operierten in den 1970er Jahren immer häufiger grenzüberschreitend. Die Innere Sicherheit der einzelnen Nationalstaaten gewann dadurch eine neuartige außenpolitische Dimension. Angesichts dieser Herausforderung, aber auch im Kontext breiter angelegter europäischer Integrationsbemühungen, begannen die Mitglieder der Europäischen Gemeinschaft gegen Mitte des Jahrzehnts, im Rahmen der sogenannten TREVI-Konferenz zu kooperieren. Die regelmäßigen Treffen begründeten informelle und transgouvernementale Formen der Zusammenarbeit zwischen den „Experten“ der jeweiligen Ministerialbürokratien und Sicherheitsbehörden. Diese Funktionsweise sollte Effizienz gewährleisten, schränkte aber die Möglichkeiten demokratischer Kontrolle stark ein. Eva Oberloskamps Studie bietet erstmals eine quellengestützte Untersuchung der frühen TREVI-Konferenz, die als wegweisend für die weitere Entwicklung einer europäischen Innenpolitik gelten kann.
