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| 1. Record Nr. | UNICAMPANIAVAN00189582 |
| Autore | Kronk, Gary W. |
| Titolo | Lewis Swift : Celebrated Comet Hunter and the People's Astronomer / Gary W. Kronk |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Cham, : Springer, 2017 |
| Titolo uniforme | Lewis Swift : Celebrated Comet Hunter and the People's Astronomer |
| Descrizione fisica | xvi, 427 p. : ill. ; 24 cm |
| Soggetti | 00A79 (77-XX) - Physics [MSC 2020] 01-XX - History and biography [MSC 2020] 85-XX - Astronomy and Astrophysics [MSC 2020] 85A40 - Cosmology [MSC 2020] |
| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |

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| 2. Record Nr. | UNINA9910155014203321 |
| Autore | Dias Daniel |
| Titolo | A Tale of Two Sectors : : Why is Misallocation Higher in Services than in Manufacturing? / / Daniel Dias, Christine Richmond, Carlos Robalo Marques |
| Pubbl/distr/stampa | Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2016 |
| ISBN | 9781475554069 1475554060 9781475554120 1475554125 |
| Descrizione fisica | 1 online resource (50 pages) : illustrations (some color), tables |
| Collana | IMF Working Papers |
| Altri autori (Persone) | RichmondChristine Robalo MarquesCarlos |
| Disciplina | 338.4 |
| Soggetti | Service industries - Portugal Manufacturing industries - Portugal Macroeconomics Industries: Manufacturing Industries: Service Production and Operations Management Production Cost Capital and Total Factor Productivity Capacity Macroeconomic Analyses of Economic Development One, Two, and Multisector Growth Models Measurement of Economic Growth Aggregate Productivity Cross-Country Output Convergence Industry Studies: Services: General Macroeconomics: Production Industry Studies: Manufacturing: General Labor Economics: General Manufacturing industries Labour income economics Services sector Total factor productivity Productivity |

Manufacturing
Labor
Economic sectors
Service industries
Industrial productivity
Labor economics
Income economics
Portugal

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| Lingua di pubblicazione | Inglese |
| Formato | Materiale a stampa |
| Livello bibliografico | Monografia |
| Nota di bibliografia | Includes bibliographical references. |
| Sommario/riassunto | <p>Recent empirical studies document that the level of resource misallocation in the service sector is significantly higher than in the manufacturing sector. We quantify the importance of this difference and study its sources. Conservative estimates for Portugal (2008) show that closing this gap, by reducing misallocation in the service sector to manufacturing levels, would boost aggregate gross output by around 12 percent and aggregate value added by around 31 percent. Differences in the effect and size of productivity shocks explain most of the gap in misallocation between manufacturing and services, while the remainder is explained by differences in firm productivity and age distribution. We interpret these results as stemming mainly from higher output price rigidity, greater labor adjustment costs and more informality in the service sector.</p> |