

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910155012203321
Autore	Klein Nir
Titolo	Corporate Sector Vulnerabilities in Ireland / / Nir Klein
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, D.C. : , : International Monetary Fund, , 2016
ISBN	9781475554397 1475554397 9781475554410 1475554419
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (31 pages) : illustrations (some color), tables
Collana	IMF Working Papers
Disciplina	338.9415
Soggetti	Corporations - Ireland Banks and Banking Corporate Finance Financial Risk Management Money and Monetary Policy Industries: Financial Services Financial Institutions and Services: General Bankruptcy Liquidation Corporate Finance and Governance: General Multinational Firms International Business Banks Depository Institutions Micro Finance Institutions Mortgages Financial Crises Monetary Policy, Central Banking, and the Supply of Money and Credit: General Ownership & organization of enterprises Multinationals Banking Economic & financial crises & disasters Monetary economics Finance Corporate sector Foreign corporations Financial crises

Bank credit
Economic sectors
Loans
Financial institutions
Money
Business enterprises
Banks and banking
Credit
Ireland Economic conditions 1949-
Ireland

Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Sommario/riassunto	<p>The paper uses both macro- and micro-level data to assess how has the financial health of the Irish non-financial corporate (NFC) sector changed in the post financial crisis period. The analysis suggests that vulnerabilities have generally declined in recent years, but the NFC sector and especially smaller domestic firms remain vulnerable. A sensitivity analysis indicates that a non-extreme shock, which comprises a decline in profitability and an increase in interest rates, is likely to push many firms into a vulnerable state and that the share of firms with interest cover ratio of lower than one would triple to nearly fifty percent, largely reflecting the deterioration in the financial health of small firms. In such a scenario, the share of risky debt would increase to the level observed during the financial crisis, resulting in a significant increase in new corporate defaults.</p>

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910337830503321
Autore	Dodsworth Francis
Titolo	The Security Society : History, Patriarchy, Protection // by Francis Dodsworth
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London : , : Palgrave Macmillan UK : , : Imprint : Palgrave Macmillan, , 2019
ISBN	9781137433831 1137433833
Edizione	[1st ed. 2019.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (355 pages)
Collana	Crime Prevention and Security Management, , 2946-3521
Disciplina	174.9364
Soggetti	Criminology Critical criminology Crime - Sociological aspects Sociology History - Philosophy Law - History Crime Control and Security Critical Criminology Crime and Society Sociological Theory Philosophy of History Legal History
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Nota di contenuto	1. Introduction -- 2. Masterless Men: Patriarchy Challenged, c. 1570-1670 -- 3. Patricians and the Rule of Law, c. 1670-1740 -- 4. Fratriarchy and the Police Idea, c. 1740-1800 -- 5. Institutionalising Fratriarchy, c. 1800-1900 -- 6. Protection Beyond Patriarchy, c. 1900-2000 -- 7. Conclusion: Genealogies of Security.
Sommario/riassunto	This book provides a critical engagement with the idea of the 'security society' that has been the focus of so much attention in criminology and social science more broadly. 'Security' has been argued to constitute a new mode of social ordering, displacing the 'disciplinary

society' that Foucault saw characteristic of the liberal era with a 'control society' or a 'risk society' characteristic of Neo-Liberalism, in which the deviant behaviour of particular individuals is less important than general attempts to offset risk and reduce harm. Dodsworth argues that much of this literature is extraordinarily presentist in orientation, denying the long history of attempts to mitigate risk, prevent harm and manage security that have always been a part of the government of order. This the book develops a 'critical history' of security: a thematic analysis of debates about security and aspects of the security society which puts contemporary arguments and practices in dialogue with the texts and practices of the past. In doing so the book develops a cultural analysis of the meanings of security and the way these meanings have been articulated in particular practical contexts in order to understand how the promise of security has so effectively captured the imagination and channelled the affective engagement of people throughout the modern period.
