Record Nr. UNINA9910153304903321 Diabetes Mellitus in Developing Countries and Underserved **Titolo** Communities / / edited by Sam Dagogo-Jack Pubbl/distr/stampa Cham:,: Springer International Publishing:,: Imprint: Springer,, 2017 **ISBN** 3-319-41559-X Edizione [1st ed. 2017.] 1 online resource (XV, 294 p. 65 illus., 49 illus. in color.) Descrizione fisica Disciplina 616.462 616.46 Soggetti **Diabetes** Endocrinology Endocrinology Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and index. Global Burden of Diabetes: An Overview -- Primary Prevention of Nota di contenuto Diabetes: An Imperative for Developing Countries -- Diabetes in Sub-Saharan Africa -- Diabetes in the Middle East and North Africa --Diabetes in China and Western Pacific Region -- Diabetes in India and Southeast Asia -- Diabetes in Latin America -- Diabetes in the Caribbean -- Diabetes in Indigenous Australians and other underserved communities in Australia -- Diabetes among Mori and other ethnic groups in New Zealand -- Diabetes in Eastern Europe -- Diabetes in Immigrant and Minority Populations in Western Europe -- Diabetes among Indigenous Canadians -- Diabetes in Native Populations and Underserved Communities in the United States. Sommario/riassunto Adopting a truly global perspective and a practical approach to diabetes—including pathophysiology, genetics, regional peculiarities, management, prevention and best practices—this book is an excellent resource for clinicians and policy-makers working with patients in more austere settings. The global prevalence of diabetes is estimated to increase from 422 million in 2014 to 592 million in 2035. Sadly, lowand middle-economy countries are projected to experience the

steepest increase, but even in developed economies, vulnerable

demographic subgroups manifest disparities in diabetes prevalence, quality of care, and outcomes. This book extends coverage to those underserved and minority communities in the developed world. In a consistent chapter format, it discusses classification, pathophysiology, genomics, diagnosis, prevention and management of diabetes in economically challenged regions as well as underserved populations in affluent nations. Suggestions regarding future directions in the organization of diabetes care delivery, prevention and research priorities are also provided. The detailed identification of barriers to optimal care and the practical approach to the management and prevention of diabetes make Diabetes Mellitus in Developing Countries and Underserved Communities a valuable resource for clinicians, researchers and health policy leaders.