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Altri autori (Persone)	BlueLynda StewartSimon <1964->
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Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
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Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	""Improving Outcomes in Chronic Heart Failure: Specialist nurse intervention from research to practice""; ""Contents""; ""Contributors""; ""Foreword""; ""Preface""; ""Section 1: Background""; ""1 Increased health care utilisation and costs: heart failure in the 21st century""; ""2 State of the art treatment for chronic heart failure""; ""3 Specialist nurse intervention in chronic heart failure: the evidence to date""; ""Section 2: The Glasgow experience""; ""4 Glasgow Heart Failure Liaison Service: a model for future services"" ""5 Establishing national heart failure services: can we afford not to?"" Section 3: From theory to practice""; ""6 A blueprint for identifying and managing patients within a heart failure service""; ""7 Assessing the patient with heart failure""; ""8 Optimising the day to day management of patients with chronic heart failure""; ""9 Pharmacological treatment for chronic heart failure: a specialist nurse perspective""; ""Section 4: The future""; ""10 New frontiers in specialist nurse management of heart failure""; ""Appendices: some practical advice""

""Appendix 1: Profile of the specialist heart failure nurse""""Appendix 2:  
Case studies in managing chronic heart failure""; ""Appendix 3:  
Supporting the caregiver in heart failure""; ""Index""

**Sommario/riassunto**

Heart failure is a condition that often results in chronic tiredness and shortness of breath. It also requires complex nursing and medical treatment, especially after a hospital admission, which is all too frequent for persons with heart failure. This book describes and discusses the latest research concerning the benefits of having specially trained nurses manage the care of patients with heart failure after they have been discharged from hospital to their own home. Leading nurses and doctors from around the world discuss their experiences with this type of innovative and effective care progra

2. **Record Nr.**

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**Autore**

Davis Robert V. <1947->

**Titolo**

The search for the first Americans : science, power, politics // Robert V. Davis, Jr

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**Descrizione fisica**

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**Collana**

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**Classificazione**

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**Soggetti**

HISTORY / Civilization  
HISTORY / Indigenous Peoples of the Americas  
Indians of South America - Origin  
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Indians of North America - Ethnic identity  
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Nota di contenuto

American Indian creation myths -- Euro-American theories -- Clovis-first -- Pre-Clovis: Monte Verde and Meadowcroft -- Case studies: Atlantis and Chinese bestiary -- Anthropology and archaeology -- Bioanthropology -- The other sciences: genetics, linguistics, and physics -- Laboratories and museums -- Identity and heritage preservation -- Native American graves protection and Repatriation Act -- Case studies: Kennewick Man and Tarim Basin.

Sommario/riassunto

"Who were the First Americans? Where did they come from? When did they get here? Are they the ancestors of modern Native Americans? These questions might seem straightforward, but scientists in competing fields have failed to convince one another with their theories and evidence, much less Native American peoples. The practice of science in its search for the First Americans is a flawed endeavor, Robert V. Davis tells us. His book is an effort to explain why. Most American history textbooks today teach that the First Americans migrated to North America on foot from East Asia over a land bridge during the last ice age, 12,000 to 13,000 years ago. In fact, that theory hardly represents the scientific consensus, and it has never won many Native adherents. In many ways, attempts to identify the first Americans embody the conflicts in American society between accepting the practical usefulness of science and honoring cultural values. Davis explores how the contested definition of "First Americans" reflects the unsettled status of Native traditional knowledge, scientific theories, research methodologies, and public policy as they vie with one another for legitimacy in modern America. In this light he considers the traditional beliefs of Native Americans about their origins; the struggle for primacy-or even recognition as science-between the disciplines of anthropology and archaeology; and the mediating, interacting, and sometimes opposing influences of external authorities such as government agencies, universities, museums, and the press. Fossil remains from Mesa Verde, Clovis, and other sites testify to the presence of First Americans. What remains unsettled, as *The Search for the First Americans* makes clear, is not only who these people were, where they came from, and when, but also the very nature and practice of the science searching for answers. "--

"Case study of the practice of science in its search for the First Americans and examines: (1) the conflicts between the methods of science and the traditional beliefs of modern Native Americans; (2) the power struggles for primacy of place internal to the sciences themselves; and (3) the interactions with external authorities such as government agencies, the press, universities, and museums. It examines how First American issues have been defined and how differences in cultural myths, scientific theories, research methodologies and public policy remain unsettled in modern America. It also investigates the blurred boundaries between science and myth as well as between fact and theory that ultimately weaken the credibility of science as a cultural mechanism for interpreting the natural world"--