1. Record Nr. UNINA9910146263303321 Begon Michael Autore Titolo Population ecology [[electronic resource]]: a unified study of animals and plants / / Michael Begon, Martin Mortimer, David J. Thompson Oxford: Cambridge, Mass, : Blackwell Science, 1996 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-4443-1375-4 9786612371738 1-282-37173-8 1-4443-1376-2 1-4051-4944-2 Edizione [3rd ed.] Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (257 p.) Altri autori (Persone) MortimerMartin ThompsonDavid J Disciplina 574.5/248 577.88 Soggetti Population biology Ecology Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Monografia Livello bibliografico Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references (p. 225-237) and indexes. Nota di contenuto POPULATION ECOLOGY: A Unified Study of Animals and Plants, THIRD EDITION; Contents; Preface; Part 1: SINGLE-SPECIES POPULATIONS; Chapter 1: Describing populations; 1.1 Introduction; 1.2 Population processes: 1.3 The diagrammatic life table: 1.3.1 General form: 1.3.2 The common field grasshopper, an annual species; 1.3.3 Ragwort, a biennial; 1.3.4 More complex life cycles; 1.3.5 Age and stage: the problems of describing some plant and animal populations: 1.4 Conventional life tables; 1.4.1 The cohort life table; 1.4.2 The static life table; 1.4.3 Resume; 1.5 Some generalizations 1.6 The modular growth of organisms1.7 Buried seed banks; Chapter 2: Intraspecific competition: 2.1 The nature of intraspecific competition: 2.2 Three characteristics of intraspecific competition; 2.3 Densitydependence: a fourth characteristic; 2.4 Scramble and contest; 2.5

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Sommario/riassunto

Worldwide, Population Ecology is the leading textbook on this titled subject. Written primarily for students, it describes the present state of population ecology in terms that can be readily understood by undergraduates with little or no background in the subject. Carefully chosen experimental examples illustrate each topic, and studies of plants and animals are combined to show how fundamental principles can be derived that apply to both species. Use of complex mathematics ia avoided throughout the book, and what math is necessary is dealt with by examination of real experimental data