Record Nr. Titolo	UNINA9910146071103321 Electromyography : physiology, engineering, and noninvasive
Pubbl/distr/stampa	applications / / edited by Roberto Merletti, Philip Parker Hoboken, New Jersey : , : Wiley-Interscience, , c2004 [Piscataqay, New Jersey] : , : IEEE Xplore, , [2005]
ISBN	1-280-55689-7 9786610556892 0-471-67837-6 1-60119-509-5 0-471-67838-4
Descrizione fisica	1 PDF (xxii, 494 pages) : illustrations
Collana	IEEE press series on biomedical engineering ; ; 11
Altri autori (Persone)	MerlettiRoberto ParkerPhilip (Philip A.)
Disciplina	616.7/407547
Soggetti	Electromyography - Diagnosis Muscles Neuromuscular diseases Nervous System Diseases Tissues Myography Electrodiagnosis Musculoskeletal System Anatomy Diagnostic Techniques and Procedures Diseases Diagnosis Analytical, Diagnostic and Therapeutic Techniques and Equipment Electromyography Neuromuscular Diseases Medicine Health & Biological Sciences Internal Medicine
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia

1.

Note generali	Bibliographic Level Mode of Issuance: Monograph
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto	Introduction - Contributors 1 BASIC PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOPHYSICS OF EMG SIGNAL GENERATION (T. Moritani, D. Stegeman, R. Merletti) 1.1 Introduction 1.2 Basic Flextophysiology of Motor Control and Muscle Contraction 1.3 Basic Electrophysiology of the Muscle Cell Membrane References 2 NEEDLE AND WIRE DETECTION TECHNIQUES (J. V. Trontelj, J. Jahre, M. Mihelin) 2.1 Anatomical and Physiological Background of Intramuscular Recording 2.2 Recording Characteristics of Needle Electrodes 2.3 Conventional Needle EMG 2.4 Special Needle Recording Techniques 2.5 Physical Characteristics of Needle EMG Signals 2.6 Recording Equipment References 3 DECOMPOSITION OF INTRAMUSCULAR EMG SIGNALS (D. W. Stashuk, D. Farina, K. Sgaard) 3.1 Introduction 3.2 Basic Steps for EMG Signal Decomposition 3.3 Evaluation of Performance of EMG Signal Decomposition 3.3 Evaluation of Performance of EMG Signal Decomposition 3.3 Evaluation of Results of the Decomposition of an Intramuscular EMG Signal 3.5 Conclusions References 4 BIOPHYSICS OF THE GENERATION OF EMG SIGNALS (D. Farina, R. Merletti, D. F. Stegeman) 4.1 Introduction 4.2 EMG Signal Generation 4.3 Crostalk 4.4 Relationships between Surface EMG Features and Developed Force 4.5 Conclusions References 5 DETECTION AND CONDITIONING OF THE SURFACE EMG SIGNAL (R. Merletti, H. Hermens) 5.1 Introduction 5.2 Electrodes: Their Transfer Function 5.3 Electrodes: Their Impedance, Noise, and dc Volages 5.4 Electrode Configuration, Distance, Location 5.5 BMG Front-End Amplifiers 5.8 European Recommendations on Electrodes and Electrode Locations References 6 SINGLE-CHANNEL TECHNIQUES FOR INFORMATION EXTRACTION FROM THE SURFACE EMG SIGNAL (E. A. Clancy, D. Farina, G. Filligoi) 6.1 Introduction 6.2 Spectral Estimation of Deterministic Signals and Stochastic Processes 6.3 Basic Surface EMG Signals 6.4 Surface EMG Amplitude Estimation. 6.5 Extraction of Information In Frequency Domain from Surf
	Assumptions 8.5 Elementary Sources of Bioelectric Muscle Activity 8.6 Fiber Membrane Activity Profiles, Their Generation, Propagation, and Extinction 8.7 Structure of the Motor Unit 8.8 Volume Conduction 8.9 Modeling EMG Detection Systems 8.10 Modeling Motor Unit Recruitment and Firing Behavior 8.11 Inverse Modeling 8.12 Modeling of Muscle Fatigue 8.13 Other Applications of Modeling 8.14 Conclusions References 9 MYOELECTRIC MANIFESTATIONS OF MUSCLE FATIGUE (R. Merletti, A. Rainoldi, D. Farina) 9.1 Introduction 9.2 Definitions and Sites of Neuromuscular Fatigue 9.3 Assessment of Muscle Fatigue 9.4 How Fatigue Is Reflected in Surface EMG Variables 9.5 Myoelectric
	•

Estimates of EMG Variables and Fatigue Indexes -- 9.9 Conclusions --References -- 10 ADVANCED SIGNAL PROCESSING TECHNIQUES (D. Zazula, S. Karlsson, C. Doncarli) -- 10.1 Introduction -- 10.2 Theoretical Background -- 10.3 Decomposition of EMG Signals -- 10.4 Applications to Monitoring Myoelectric Manifestations of Muscle Fatigue -- 10.5 Conclusions -- Acknowledgment. References -- 11 SURFACE MECHANOMYOGRAM (C. Orizio) -- 11.1 The Mechanomyogram (MMG): General Aspects during Stimulated and Voluntary Contraction -- 11.2 Detection Techniques and Sensors Comparison -- 11.3 Comparison between Different Detectors -- 11.4 Simulation -- 11.5 MMG Versus Force: Joint and Adjunct Information Content -- 11.6 MMG Versus EMG: Joint and Adjunct Information Content -- 11.7 Area of Application -- References -- 12 SURFACE EMG APPLICATIONS IN NEUROLOGY (M. J. Zwarts, D. F. Stegeman, J. G. van Dijk) -- 12.1 Introduction -- 12.2 Central Nervous System Disorders and SEMG -- 12.3 Compound Muscle Action Potential and Motor Nerve Conduction -- 12.4 CMAP Generation -- 12.5 Clinical Applications --12.6 Pathological Fatigue -- 12.7 New Avenues: High-Density Multichannel Recording -- 12.8 Conclusion -- References -- 13 APPLICATIONS IN ERGONOMICS (G. M. Hgg, B. Melin, R. Kadefors) --13.1 Historic Perspective -- 13.2 Basic Workload Concepts in Ergonomics -- 13.3 Basic Surface EMG Signal Processing -- 13.4 Load Estimation and SEMG Normalization and Calibration -- 13.5 Amplitude Data Reduction over Time -- 13.6 Electromyographic Signal Alterations Indicating Muscle Fatigue in Ergonomics -- 13.7 SEMG Biofeedback in Ergonomics -- 13.8 Surface EMG and Musculoskeletal Disorders --13.9 Psvchological Effects on EMG -- References -- 14 APPLICATIONS IN EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY (F. Felici) -- 14.1 Introduction -- 14.2 A Few "Tips and Tricks<U+009d> -- 14.3 Time and Frequency Domain Analysis of sEMG: What Are We Looking For? -- 14.4 Application of sEMG to the Study of Exercise -- 14.5 Strength and Power Training --14.6 Muscle Damage Studied by Means of sEMG -- References -- 15 APPLICATIONS IN MOVEMENT AND GAIT ANALYSIS (C. Frigo, R. Shiavi) -- 15.1 Relevance of Electromyography in Kinesiology -- 15.2 Typical Acquisition Settings -- 15.3 Study of Motor Control Strategies -- 15.4 Investigation on the Mechanical Effect of Muscle Contraction -- 15.5 Gait Analysis -- 15.6 Identification of Pathophysiologic Factors. 15.7 Workload Assessment in Occupational Biomechanics -- 15.8 Biofeedback -- 15.9 The Linear Envelope -- 15.10 Information Enhancement through Multifactorial Analysis -- References -- 16 APPLICATIONS IN REHABILITATION MEDICINE AND RELATED FIELDS (A. Rainoldi, R. Casale, P. Hodges, G. Jull) -- 16.1 Introduction -- 16.2 Electromyography as a Tool in Back and Neck Pain -- 16.3 EMG of the Pelvic Floor: A New Challenge in Neurological Rehabilitation -- 16.4 Age-Related Effects on EMG Assessment of Muscle Physiology -- 16.5 Surface EMG and Hypobaric Hipoxia -- 16.6 Microgravity Effects on Neuromuscular System -- References -- 17 BIOFEEDBACK APPLICATIONS (J. R. Cram) -- 17.1 Introduction -- 17.2 Biofeedback Application to Impairment Syndromes -- 17.3 SEMG Biofeedback Techniques -- 17.4 Summary -- References -- 18 CONTROL OF POWERED UPPER LIMB PROSTHESES (P. A. Parker, K. B. Englehart, B. S. Hudgins) -- 18.1 Introduction -- 18.2 Myoelectric Signal as a Control Input -- 18.3 Conventional Myoelectric Control -- 18.4 Emerging MEC Strategies -- 18.5 Summary -- References -- Index. A complete overview of electromyography with contributions from pacesetters in the field In recent years, insights from the field of engineering have illuminated the vast potential of electromyography (EMG) in biomedical technology. Featuring contributions from key

Sommario/riassunto

innovators working in the field today, Electromyography reveals the broad applications of EMG data in areas as diverse as neurology, ergonomics, exercise physiology, rehabilitation, movement analysis, biofeedback, and myoelectric control of prosthesis. Bridging the gap between engineering and physiology, this pioneering volume explains the essential concepts needed to detect, understand, process, and interpret EMG signals using non-invasive electrodes. Electromyography shows how engineering tools such as models and signal processing methods can greatly augment the insight provided by surface EMG signals. Topics covered include: . Basic physiology and biophysics of EMG generation. Needle and surface electrode detection techniques. Signal conditioning and processing issues. Single- and multi-channel techniques for information extraction. Development and application of physical models. Advanced signal processing techniques With its fresh engineering perspective, Electromyography offers physiologists, medical professionals, and students in biomedical engineering a new window into the far-reaching possibilities of this dynamic technology.