

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910145023503321
Titolo	L'Arc : quadern informatiu de l'Institut de Ciencies de l'Educacio de la Universitat de les Illes Balears
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Palma, : [Verlag nicht ermittelbar], 1996-
Descrizione fisica	Online-Ressource
Disciplina	370
Soggetti	Zeitschrift
Lingua di pubblicazione	Catalano
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Periodico
2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910960146503321
Autore	Zhang Weiguo
Titolo	Chinese economic reforms and fertility behaviour : a study of a north Chinese village / / Zhang Weiguo
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London ; ; New York : , : Routledge, , 2013
ISBN	1-134-24509-2 1-138-99327-1 1-315-07331-5 1-134-24502-5
Edizione	[1st ed.]
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (293 p.)
Disciplina	363.960951
Soggetti	Economic development - Social aspects - China Fertility, Human - Economic aspects - China Rural development - China
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"First published in 2002 by China library"--t.p. verso.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	Cover; Half Title; Title Page; Copyright Page; Dedication; Table of Contents; List of Contents; List of Tables and Figures;

Acknowledgements; Preface; Introduction; Focus and Objectives of the Present Study; Research Methodology and Fieldwork; 1 Economy, Institutions and Fertility: Theoretical Explorations; Fertility Studies: Searching for an Institutional Approach; Institutions, Institutional Change and Human Behaviour; Economy, Institutions and Fertility; 2 Chinese Reforms and Fertility: Macro Context Transition from Planned Economy to Market Economy: Institutional Reforms and Rural DevelopmentEvolution of Population Policies; Chinese Population and Its Fertility: National Trend and Regional Variations; 3 The County: Reforms, Family Planning, Economy and Population; Reform Processes; Evolution of Family Planning Programmes; Economic Change and Population Dynamics; Disparities Among Townships and Villages; 4 The Village: Institutional Reforms and Social Change; General Profile of the Village; Reform Processes; Structural Changes; Income and Inequality; Village Cadres Changes in Social Welfare: Education, Health and Social Relief5 Dynamics of Marriage Change; Changing Marriage Patterns; Changing Meaning of Marriage; Marriage Finance and Marital Transfers of Brideprice and Dowry; Decision-making Concerning Marriage; 6 The Changing Nature of Family Relations; Post-Reform Family and Household: Smaller in Size and Simpler in Structure; Early Household Division in the Reform Period; Division of Labour: Nangong Nunong, Women in Agriculture and Men in Non-agriculture; Intra- and Inter-family Relations; 7 Inter-generational Obligations and Fertility Motivation Changing Roles of Children Within the Family: Pre-reform and Post-reform PeriodReshaped Fertility Motivations; 8 Implementation of State Family Planning Programmes; Pre-Reform and Post-Reform Family Planning: Old Styles and New Characteristics; Mediation of Formal Family Planning Policies; The 1993 Family Planning Campaigns; 9 Fertility, Contraception and Adoption; Changing Fertility Patterns; Fertility Decision Outputs: Start Childbearing, Birth Intervals and Stop Childbearing; Contraception, Abortion and Sterilization; Adoption of Children; Conclusion; Overview of Findings Rethinking Economy, Institutions and Fertility in Rural ChinaAppendices; I A Note on Fieldwork; II Some Problems in Official Statistics; Bibliography; Index

Sommario/riassunto

Based on an intensive fieldwork in a southern Hebei village in northern China (1992/3), the author takes an institutional approach and focuses on the way deliberate Chinese state policies driven by new economic and social agendas since the late 1970s have impacted on marriage, family relations and consequently on the way fertility trends have been adversely affected; the study is also very much concerned with the human dimension and the way in which such social and economic changes are perceived and applied in a rural community. The research presented in this study goes a long way to unravelling
