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Titolo	Gaps and dummies // Hans Bennis
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Nota di contenuto	Introduction -- ch. 1: Gaps and parasitic gaps -- ch. 2: HET as a referential expression -- ch. 3: The adverbial pronoun ER -- ch. 4: Some related topics.
Sommario/riassunto	In this study the syntactic properties of empty categories and dummy pronouns are investigated within the framework of Government-Binding theory. The assumption that clauses must have a subject is present in most, if not all, linguistic theories. In GB theory the requirement that clauses have a subject is stipulated as a consequence of the base rules or the Extended Projection Principle. In this book it is claimed that no such stipulation is necessary. The presence of a subject is exclusively determined by the theories of thematic roles and Case. This view is supported by the fact that the alleged dummy subjects Dutch, i.e. er and het, show a variety of properties, which can only be explained if they are not analyzed as dummy subjects. Further confirmation is derived from the fact that Dutch, subjectless sentences are found in precisely those circumstances in which neither -theory nor Case theory requires a subject to be present. Chapter 1 presents a theory of empty categories. This theory enables us to explain the distribution of gaps, and makes precise and correct predictions with

respect to the occurrence of parasitic gaps. The non-dummy status of *het*, discussed in chapter 2, is supported by the fact that it can be the antecedent of PRO, reflexives, and parasitic gaps, and by an asymmetry in wh-movement from sentential complements. The analysis of *het* leads to a discussion of a variety of constructions, including constructions with raising, ergative, and psychological verbs. The adverbial pronoun *er* displays several distinct syntactic functions. In chapter 3 it is argued that none of these different functions justifies an analysis of *er* as a dummy subject. In chapter 4 some of the consequences of the theory introduced in the preceding chapters are investigated. These include a discussion of the status of the subject position in languages such as English, Italian, French, and Spanish, the structure of Old English, and the status of dummy pronouns in German and English.

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910349283603321
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Livello bibliografico	Monografia

Coner: A Collaborative Approach for Long-Tail Named Entity Recognition in Scientific Publications -- An unsupervised method for concept association analysis in text collections -- Linking Semantic Fingerprints of Literature -- Learning to Rank Claim-Evidence Pairs to Assist Scientific-Based Argumentation -- The OpenAIRE Research Community Dashboard: on Blending Scientific Workows and Scientific Publishing -- A Framework for Citing Nanopublications -- Analysis of Transaction Logs from National Museums Liverpool -- Knowledge Graph Implementation of Archival Descriptions through CIDOC-CRM -- Investigating Correlations of Inter-coder Agreement and Machine Annotation Performance for Historical Video Data -- Who is Mona L.? Identifying Mentions of Artworks in Historical Archives -- Gatekeeper: Quantifying the Impacts of Service to the Scientific Community -- A Study on the Readability of Scientific Publications -- Interdisciplinary Collaborations in the Brazilian Scientific Community -- Exploring Scholarly Data by Semantic Query on Knowledge Graph Embedding Space -- The Memento Tracer Framework: Balancing Quality and Scalability for Web Archiving -- The immigration dilemma; Legal, ethical and practical issues in creating a living, growing archive -- Segmenting User Sessions in Search Engine Query Logs Leveraging Word Embeddings -- A Human-friendly Query Generation Frontend for a Scientific Events Knowledge Graph -- User Interface for Interactive Scientific Publications: A Design Case Study -- Stable Word-clouds for Visualising Text-changes over Time -- A Hierarchical Label Network for Multi-Label EuroVoc Classification of Legislative Contents -- Can Language Inference Support Metadata Generation? -- Information Governance Maturity Assessment using Enterprise Architecture Model Analysis and Description Logics -- Finding Documents Related to Taiwan in the Veritable Records of Qing Using Relevance Feedback -- Fake News Detection with the New German Dataset "GermanFakeNC" -- The CSO Classifier: Ontology-Driven Detection of Research Topics in Scholarly Articles -- Non-parametric Subject Prediction -- Visual Summarization of Scholarly Videos using Word Embeddings and Keyphrase Extraction -- Towards Serendipitous Research Paper Recommender using Tweets and Diversification -- Enriching the Cultural Heritage Metadata Using Historical Events: a Graph-Based Representation -- Open Research Knowledge Graph: A System Walkthrough -- The Biodiversity Heritage Library: Unveiling a World of Knowledge About Life on Earth -- Clipping the Page { Automatic Article Detection and Marking Software in Production of Newspaper Clippings in a Digitized Historical Journalistic Collection -- Document recommendations in Slovenian academic digital libraries -- An Evaluation of the Effect of Reference Strings and Segmentation on Citation Matching -- A la Carte: Turning Historical Menu into Menu Network -- Semantic Representation of Scientific Publications -- Determining How Citations Are Used in Citation Contexts.-Dendro: a FAIR, open-source data sharing platform -- User's Behavior in Digital Libraries: Process Mining Exploration -- SciTo Trends: Visualising Scientific Topic Trends -- The-Shelf Semantic Author Name Disambiguation for Bibliographic Data Bases -- Rending Behaviour in Educational Search -- Qatar Digital Library as a Platform for Digital Repatriation of Qatar's Cultural Heritage -- Correcting and redesigning metadata for the excavation of an archaeological site -- Topic Modelling vs Distant Supervision: A Comparative Evaluation based on the Classification of Parliamentary Enquiries. .

short papers and 18 poster papers presented were carefully reviewed and selected from 75 submissions. The general theme of TPDL 2019 was Connecting with Communities and so the papers attempt to facilitate establishing connections and convergences between diverse research communities such as Digital Humanities, Information Sciences and others that could benefit from ecosystems offered by digital libraries and repositories. To become especially useful to the diverse research and practitioner communities digital libraries need to consider special needs and requirements for effective data utilization, management and exploitation.
