

1. Record Nr.	UNINA9910143551503321
Autore	Kremers Jan
Titolo	The Primate Visual System [[electronic resource] ] : A Comparative Approach
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Hoboken, : Wiley, 2005
ISBN	1-280-28787-X 9786610287871 0-470-86811-2 0-470-86810-4
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (383 p.)
Disciplina	573.88198 808/.06661
Soggetti	Medical literature Primates Visual cortex Visual pathways Physiology, Comparative Vision, Ocular Visual Pathways Visual Perception Light Signal Transduction Physiology Sensation Afferent Pathways Perception Mammals Ocular Physiological Processes Ocular Physiological Phenomena Psychophysiology Neural Pathways Nervous System Physiological Processes Biological Science Disciplines Vertebrates Signal Transduction Mental Processes Nervous System Physiological Phenomena Cell Physiological Processes Nervous System

Biochemical Processes  
Chordata  
Psychological Phenomena and Processes  
Natural Science Disciplines  
Phenomena and Processes  
Musculoskeletal and Neural Physiological Phenomena  
Animals  
Anatomy  
Biochemical Phenomena  
Psychiatry and Psychology  
Chemical Processes  
Disciplines and Occupations  
Cell Physiological Phenomena  
Eukaryota  
Chemical Phenomena  
Organisms  
Neuroscience  
Human Anatomy & Physiology  
Health & Biological Sciences  
Electronic books.

<b>Lingua di pubblicazione</b>	Inglese
<b>Formato</b>	Materiale a stampa
<b>Livello bibliografico</b>	Monografia
<b>Note generali</b>	Description based upon print version of record.
<b>Nota di contenuto</b>	Contents; Preface; List of Contributors; 1 The Evolutionary and Ecological Context of Primate Vision; 1.1 Introduction; 1.2 The phylogenetic background to primate vision; 1.3 Comparative analyses of cranial dimensions; 1.4 Evolution of color vision; References; 2 Comparative Aspects of Visual System Development; 2.1 Introduction; 2.2 Fundamental organization and development of the retina; 2.3 Neurogenesis; 2.4 Topology and specification of cell-type subcategories; 2.5 Lamination; synaptogenesis; axon outgrowth; and cell death; 2.6 Emmetropization; 2.7 Scaling the eye 2.8 Producing the nocturnal eye2.9 Mechanisms of the genesis of the fovea centralis in primate retina; 2.10 Summary; References; 3 The Genetics and Evolution of Primate Visual Pigments; 3.1 Introduction; 3.2 Structure of visual pigments; 3.3 Visual pigment genes in primates; 3.4 Origin of duplication in Old World primates; 3.5 L and M gene variation in Old World primates; 3.6 Color vision in platyrrhines and prosimians; 3.7 Evolution of trichromacy; 3.8 Summary and conclusions; References; 4 The Ecology of the Primate Eye: Retinal Sampling and Color Vision 4.1 Introduction: sampling and retinal specialization4.2 Spatial sampling: signals, noise and image statistics; 4.3 Color; 4.4 Nocturnality and the origins of primate vision; References; 5 Comparative Anatomy and Physiology of the Primate Retina; 5.1 Introduction; 5.2 Outer retina; 5.3 Bipolar cell circuitry; 5.4 Parallel pathways; 5.5 Ganglion cell morphology; 5.6 Ganglion cell physiology - information processing and transfer; 5.7 Conclusion; References; 6 The

Lateral Geniculate Nucleus; 6.1 Introduction; 6.2 The anatomical organization of the LGN; 6.3 The classification of LGN cells  
6.4 Basic receptive field properties of LGN cells  
6.5 Nonlinear response properties of LGN cells; References; 7 Extraretinal Inputs and Feedback Mechanisms to the Lateral Geniculate Nucleus (LGN); 7.1 Introduction; 7.2 Cell types and basic circuitry of the LGN; 7.3 Response properties: A brief overview; 7.4 Organization of extraretinal inputs; 7.5 Concluding remarks and remaining questions; References; 8 Visual Functions of the Retinorecipient Nuclei in the Midbrain, Pretectum, and Ventral Thalamus of Primates; 8.1 Superior colliculus; 8.2 Pretectum; 8.3 Accessory optic system  
8.4 Pregeniculate complex  
References; 9 The Evolution of Visual Cortex in Primates; 9.1 Introduction; 9.2 Features of visual cortex organisation that early primates retained from non-primate ancestors; 9.3 Features of visual cortex in early primates; 9.4 Visual cortex of tarsiers; 9.5 Anthropoid primates; 9.6 Hominid visual cortex; 9.7 Conclusions; References; 10 The Physiological Basis for Visual Motion Perception and Visually Guided Eye Movements; 10.1 Abstract; 10.2 Processing of visual motion in the primate brain; 10.3 Action which depends on motion processing: smooth pursuit eye movements  
10.4 Comparing motion processing underlying perception and smooth pursuit eye movements

---

Sommario/riassunto

Many recent developments in the field in recording, staining, genetic and stimulation techniques, in vivo, and in vitro have significantly increased the amount of available data on the primate visual system. Written with contributions from key neurobiologists in the field, The Primate Visual System will provide the reader with the latest developments, examining the structure, function and evolution of the primate visual system. The book takes a comparative approach as a basis for studying the physiological properties of primate vision and examines the phylogenetic relati

---