

1. Record Nr.	UNISA996393935903316
Autore	Quarles Francis <1592-1644.>
Titolo	Argalus and Parthenia [[electronic resource]] : the argument of ye history // written by Fra: Quarles .
Pubbl/distr/stampa	London, : Printed for Iohn Marriott in St Dunstons Church : yard fleetstreet, 1630
Descrizione fisica	[7], 154 p
Altri autori (Persone)	Cecil Thomas <fl. 1630.> Sidney Philip, Sir, <1554-1586.>
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Decorated t.-p., engraved, signed, Tho: Cecill sculp. In verse. Preceding t.p.: verse "The minde of the Frontispiece." Based on Sir Philip Sidney's Arcadia. Imperfect: tightly bound. Reproduction of original in: Dulwich College Archive.
Sommario/riassunto	eebo-0041

2. Record Nr.	UNINA9910143288803321
Titolo	A companion to the Classical tradition [[electronic resource] /] edited by Craig W. Kallendorf
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Oxford, : Blackwell, 2007
ISBN	1-78268-440-9 1-280-74360-3 9786610743605 0-470-76054-0 1-4051-8499-X 0-470-99677-3 1-4051-7202-9
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (510 p.)
Collana	Blackwell companions to the ancient world
Altri autori (Persone)	KallendorfCraig
Disciplina	480.071
Soggetti	Filologia clàssica Civilització clàssica Educació clàssica Història de l'educació Classical philology - Study and teaching - History Civilization, Classical - Study and teaching - History Classical education - History Llibres electrònics
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and index.
Nota di contenuto	A COMPANION TO THE CLASSICAL TRADITION; Contents; List of Figures; List of Maps; Notes on Contributors; Introduction; Chapter 1: Education; Part I: Periods; Part II: Places; Part III: Contemporary Themes; Bibliography; Index;
Sommario/riassunto	A Companion to the Classical Tradition accommodates the pressing need for an up-to-date introduction and overview of the growing field of reception studies. A comprehensive introduction and overview of the classical tradition - the interpretation of classical texts in later centuries. Comprises 26 newly commissioned essays from an

international team of experts. Divided into three sections: a chronological survey, a geographical survey, and a section illustrating the connections between the classical tradition and contemporary theory.

3. Record Nr.	UNINA9910137135003321
Autore	Erickson Andrew S.
Titolo	Chinese Anti-Ship Ballistic Missile (ASBM) Development : Drivers, Trajectories, and Strategic Implications / / by Andrew S. Erickson
Pubbl/distr/stampa	Washington, DC : , : The Jamestown Foundation, , 2013
ISBN	0-9855045-8-7
Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (160 p.)
Disciplina	359.030951
Soggetti	Antiship missiles - China Ballistic missiles - China Electronic books.
Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
Formato	Materiale a stampa
Livello bibliografico	Monografia
Note generali	"May 2013."
Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references.
Nota di contenuto	I. Executive summary -- II. Key Judgments -- III. Current status of the DF-21D ASBM -- IV. Background and motivations for the ASBM program -- VI. Constructing a system of systems -- VII. Conclusion -- VIII. Appendix A. Knowledge gaps and key questions -- IX. Appendix B. Post-1996 ASBM publication boom -- X. Appendix C. Chinese analysis of the Pershing II.
Sommario/riassunto	In 2015, the largest military parade in Chinese history displayed nearly a dozen operational ballistic missiles, including sixteen trucks carrying the world's first anti-ship ballistic missile (ASBM), the Dong Feng-21D. Official commentary dubbed it "the assassin's mace for maritime asymmetric warfare." China's most advanced ASBM has a range of 1,500 km and a maneuverable warhead, giving the DF-21D the ability to hit ships far out into the Pacific. Since 2010, China has deployed the world's first system capable of targeting a moving aircraft carrier group with long-range, land-based mobile launchers. How did Beijing get there first? This book tells the story for the first time. Drawing on a

wide range of authoritative Chinese-language sources from doctrinal materials to technical papers, it traces in detail the motivations, genesis, programmatic history, and implications of Chinese ASBM development. Chinese strategic thinkers have long sought to exploit their nation's continental depth to project power beyond its once-frequently-invaded shores, an approach termed "using the land to control the sea." Inspired in part by U.S. development of the Pershing II theater ballistic missile and China's own decades of investment in ballistic missiles, in the 1970s this strand of strategic thought began to converge in research toward an ASBM. It would take a series of threatening events in the 1990s, however, to persuade Chinese leaders to fund concerted ASBM development as a dedicated megaproject. In May 1999, in the aftermath of the accidental NATO bombing of China's embassy in Belgrade, Chinese President Jiang Zemin directed the defense industry to rapidly develop "assassin's mace" weapons, declaring, "That which the enemy fears most, that is what we must develop." For over fifteen years the U.S. military has been taking China's ASBM potential seriously and developing countermeasures. Despite rapid ongoing progress, China's reconnaissance-strike complex, the vast network of sensors and data processing necessary to attack a distant moving target, continues to exhibit significant limitations. However, the missiles themselves work and China has clearly fielded purpose-designed ASBMs of some potential capability. Their parade appearance suggests that Beijing considers them to be minimally operational and capable of achieving a measure of deterrence. As peacetime conditions and weapons systems' growing complexity render the line between ongoing development and operational capability ever blurrier and more uncertain in actual employment, this book offers a study in using available information to understand the broad outlines of one of the world's great technological endeavors--and its meaning in China, and beyond. In addition to its compelling strategic history, it offers a model for conducting and evaluating Chinese-language open source research concerning Beijing's many military megaprojects to come.

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