1. Record Nr. UNINA9910143227203321 Autore Lui Kung-Jong Titolo Statistical estimation of epidemiological risk [[electronic resource] /] / Kung-Jong Lui Chichester;; Hoboken, NJ,: Wiley, c2004 Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-280-26954-5 9786610269549 0-470-09407-9 0-470-09408-7 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (213 p.) Collana Statistics in practice 614.4/2/0727 Disciplina 614.4015195 Soggetti Epidemiology - Statistical methods Electronic books. Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Statistical Estimation of Epidemiological Risk; Contents; About the author; Preface; 1 Population Proportion or Prevalence; 1.1 Binomial sampling; 1.2 Cluster sampling; 1.3 Inverse sampling; Exercises; References: 2 Risk Difference: 2.1 Independent binomial sampling: 2.2 A series of independent binomial sampling procedures; 2.2.1 Summary interval estimators; 2.2.2 Test for the homogeneity of risk difference; 2.3 Independent cluster sampling; 2.4 Paired-sample data; 2.5 Independent negative binomial sampling (inverse sampling); 2.6 Independent poisson sampling; 2.7 Stratified poisson sampling ExercisesReferences; 3 Relative Difference; 3.1 Independent binomial sampling; 3.2 A series of independent binomial sampling procedures; 3.2.1 Asymptotic interval estimators; 3.2.2 Test for the homogeneity of relative difference; 3.3 Independent cluster sampling; 3.4 Pairedsample data; 3.5 Independent inverse sampling; Exercises; References; 4 Relative Risk; 4.1 Independent binomial sampling; 4.2 A series of independent binomial sampling procedures; 4.2.1 Asymptotic interval

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Sommario/riassunto

Statistical Estimation of Epidemiological Risk provides coverage of the most important epidemiological indices, and includes recent developments in the field. A useful reference source for biostatisticians and epidemiologists working in disease prevention, as the chapters are self-contained and feature numerous real examples. It has been written at a level suitable for public health professionals with a limited knowledge of statistics. Other key features include:Provides comprehensive coverage of the key epidemiological indices.Includes coverage of various sampling methods