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Concepts
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4: TREE GRAPHSPHYLOGENETIC TREES; Stem-Based Phylogenetic Trees; Node-Based Phylogenetic Trees; CYCLIC GRAPHS; CLADOGRAMS; Nelson Trees in Phylogenetics; From Nelson Trees to Phylogenetic Trees; GENE TREES; INDIVIDUALS VERSUS SETS OF INDIVIDUALS USED IN AN ANALYSIS; REPRESENTING CHARACTER EVOLUTION ON TREES; UNROOTED TREES AND THEIR RELATIONSHIP TO PHYLOGENETIC TREES; NODE ROTATION; OTHER KINDS OF TREE TERMINOLOGY; CONCEPTS OF MONOPHYLY AND TREES; CHAPTER SUMMARY; 5: CHARACTERS AND HOMOLOGY; A CONCEPT OF CHARACTER; CHARACTER STATES AS PROPERTIES; SHARED CHARACTER STATES
HISTORICAL CHARACTER STATES AS PROPERTIES A HISTORICAL KIND PROPERTIES; HISTORICAL GROUPS AND NATURAL KINDS; HOMOLOGY; Haszprunar's Homology Synthesis; Concepts of Homology in Systematics; Phylogenetic Characters and Phylogenetic Homology: An Overview; Taxic Homologies as Properties of Monophyletic Groups; Transformational Homology: Linking Different Hypotheses of Qualitative Identity in a Transformation Series; DISCOVERING AND TESTING HOMOLOGY; Patterson's Tests; Similarity and Remane's Criteria; Similarity in Position: Morphology; Similarity in Position: Molecular Characters
Special or Intrinsic Similarity

Sommario/riassunto

The long-awaited revision of the industry standard on phylogenetics Since the publication of the first edition of this landmark volume more than twenty-five years ago, phylogenetic systematics has taken its place as the dominant paradigm of systematic biology. It has profoundly influenced the way scientists study evolution, and has seen many theoretical and technical advances as the field has continued to grow. It goes almost without saying that the next twenty-five years of phylogenetic research will prove as fascinating as the first, with many exciting developments yet to come.