Record Nr. UNINA9910140492903321 **Titolo** Ecosystem sustainability and global change / / edited by Andre Monaco, Patrick Prouzet Pubbl/distr/stampa Hoboken, New Jersey:,: ISTE Ltd/John Wiley and Sons Inc,, 2014 **ISBN** 1-119-00772-0 1-119-00770-4 1-119-00771-2 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (235 p.) Collana Oceanography and marine biology series. Seas and oceans set Disciplina 333.95 333.95/16 Soggetti Marine ecosystem management Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali From the Seas and oceans set coordinated by Andre Mariotti and Jean-Charles Pomerol. Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di bibliografia Nota di contenuto Cover; Title Page; Copyright; Contents; Foreword; 1: Ocean, Biodiversity and Resources; 1.1. The history of life in the oceans; 1.2. Specifics of marine biodiversity; 1.3. Renewable living resources; 1.3.1. Fisheries; 1.3.2. Aquaculture; 1.3.2.1. The farming of carnivorous species; 1.3.2.2. Impact on the environment; 1.3.2.3. Introduction of species; 1.3.2.4. Zootechnical research; 1.3.2.5. The future of aquaculture; 1.4. Ocean and public health; 1.5. Research of molecules of interest of marine origin; 1.6. Research in marine models (regarding their originality and specificity) 1.7. Conclusion 1.8. Bibliography; 2: Pelagic Marine Ecosystems and Biogeochemical Cycles; 2.1. Introduction; 2.1.1. Ocean dynamics: surface and deep circulation; 2.1.1.1. Surface circulation and marine currents; 2.1.1.2. Vertical mixing and deep thermohaline circulation; 2.2. Marine pelagic ecosystems: from viruses to whales; 2.2.1. Different points of view on marine pelagic ecosystems; 2.2.2. Main types of planktonic marine ecosystems; 2.3. Pelagic ecosystems and biogeochemical cycles: inseparable; 2.3.1. Dissolved inorganic nutrients: 2.3.1.1. Essential chemical elements 2.3.1.2. Uptake of dissolved inorganic nutrients by pelagic

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## Sommario/riassunto

This volume provides various examples and dimensions, chemical, biological, climatic, or related to extreme (hazards). It describes, by reciprocity, the vulnerability of ecosystems, resources, heritage, human health and, consequently, economic and social sectors. it considers climate scenarios and socio-economic status indicators research, design strategies and patterns of adaptation, development of innovative monitoring systems, analysis of perceptions of major hazards and valuation of ecosystem services.