1. Record Nr. UNINA9910140192303321 Autore Johnson R. Wally Titolo Fire mountains of the islands: a history of volcanic eruptions and disaster management in Papua New Guinea and the Solomon Islands // R. Wally Johnson Canberra,: ANU Press, 2013 Pubbl/distr/stampa Canberra:,: ANU E Press,, [2013] ©2013 **ISBN** 1-922144-23-1 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (416 p.) Disciplina 363.3495095 Volcanic eruptions - Soloman Islands Soggetti Volcanic eruptions - Papua New Guinea Emergency management - Soloman Islands Emergency management - Papua New Guinea Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Note generali Description based upon print version of record. Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Preliminary pages; Foreword; Acknowledgements and Sources; Volcano Names and Totals: 1. Burning Islands and Dampier's Voyage: 1700: Track of the Roebuck: Near Oceania, Melanesia and Melanesians: Early Ideas about Volcanic Activity; Preview; 2. Volcano Sightings by European Navigators: 1528-1870; Saavedra, Retes and Mendana; Schouten, Le Maire and Tasman; Carteret, Hunter, D'Entrecasteaux and ParkerWilson; European and Melanesian Viewpoints; 3. European Intruders and the 1878 Rabaul Eruption: 1870-1883; Blanche Bay and the Tolai: Miklouho-Maclay: Traders. Missionaries and a GentlemanExplorer

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Sommario/riassunto

Volcanic eruptions have killed thousands of people and damaged homes, villages, infrastructure, subsistence gardens, and hunting and fishing grounds in Papua New Guinea and the Solomon Islands. The central business district of a town was destroyed by a volcanic eruption in the case of Rabaul in 1994. Volcanic disasters litter not only the recent written history of both countries—particularly Papua New Guinea—but are recorded in traditional stories as well. Furthermore, evidence for disastrous volcanic eruptions many times greater than any witnessed in historical times is to be found in the geological record. Volcanic risk is greater today than at any time previously because of larger, mainly sedentary populations on or near volcanoes in both countries. An attempt is made in this book to review what is known about past volcanic eruptions and disasters with a view to determining how best volcanic risk can be reduced today in this tectonically complex and volcanically threatening region