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| Nota di contenuto       | GLUTATHIONE AND SULFUR AMINO ACIDS IN HUMAN HEALTH AND<br>DISEASE; CONTENTS; PREFACE; CONTRIBUTORS; I INTRODUCTION; 1<br>GLUTATHIONE AND THE SULFUR-CONTAINING AMINO ACIDS: AN<br>OVERVIEW; 1.1 Introduction; 1.2 Why Sulfur-Containing Amino Acids?;<br>1.3 S-Adenosylmethionine, Nature's Wonder Cofactor; 1.4 Glutathione;<br>1.5 Taurine-the Second Essential Sulfur-Containing Amino Acid?; 1.6<br>Conclusions; Acknowledgments; References; II CHEMISTRY AND<br>METABOLISM OF GSH AND SULFUR AMINO ACIDS; 2 SULFUR AMINO<br>ACIDS CONTENTS OF DIETARY PROTEINS: DAILY INTAKE AND<br>REQUIREMENTS; 2.1 Introduction<br>2.2 Sulfur Amino Acids (SAA) Content of Dietary Protein2.3 Sulfur<br>Amino Acid Intake; 2.4 Nutritional Requirement for Total Sulfur Amino |

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| The complex roles of glutathione and sulfur amino acids in human<br>health Glutathione (?-L-glutamyl-L-cysteinylglycine, GSH) is a major<br>antioxidant acting as a free radical scavenger that protects the cell<br>from reactive oxygen species (ROS). Sulfur amino acids (SAAs), such as<br>methionine and cysteine, play a critical role in the maintenance of<br>health. GSH depletion as well as alterations of SAA metabolism are<br>linked to a host of disease states including liver cirrhosis, various<br>pulmonary diseases, myocardial ischemia and reperfusion injury, aging,<br>Parkinson's disease. Alzheimer's disease   |
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