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Nota di contenuto	A Weak Convergence Approach to the Theory of Large Deviations; Preface; Contents; 1. Formulation of Large Deviation Theory in Terms of the Laplace Principle; 1.1. Introduction; 1.2. Equivalent Formulation of the Large Deviation Principle; 1.3. Basic Results in the Theory; 1.4. Properties of the Relative Entropy; 1.5. Stochastic Control Theory and Dynamic Programming; 2. First Example: Sanov's Theorem; 2.1. Introduction; 2.2. Statement of Sanov's Theorem; 2.3. The Representation Formula; 2.4. Proof of the Laplace Principle Lower Bound; 2.5. Proof of the Laplace Principle Upper Bound 3. Second Example: Mogulskii's Theorem3.1. Introduction; 3.2. The Representation Formula; 3.3. Proof of the Laplace Principle Upper Bound and Identification of the Rate Function; 3.4. Statement of Mogulskii's Theorem and Completion of the Proof; 3.5. Cramer's Theorem; 3.6. Comments on the Proofs; 4 Representation Formulas for Other Stochastic Processes; 4.1. Introduction; 4.2. The Representation Formula for the Empirical Measures of a Markov Chain; 4.3. The Representation Formula for a Random Walk Model; 4.4. The Representation Formula for a Random Walk Model with State-

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Dependent Noise

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Sommario/riassunto	Applies the well-developed tools of the theory of weak convergence of probability measures to large deviation analysisa consistent new approachThe theory of large deviations, one of the most dynamic topics in probability today, studies rare events in stochastic systems. The nonlinear nature of the theory contributes both to its richness and difficulty. This innovative text demonstrates how to employ the well- established linear techniques of weak convergence theory to prove large deviation results. Beginning with a step-by-step development of the approach, the book skillfully guides r