1. Record Nr. UNINA9910139504303321 Wireless ad hoc and sensor networks / / edited by Houda Labiod Titolo London:,: ISTE,, [2008] Pubbl/distr/stampa **ISBN** 1-282-16482-1 9786612164828 0-470-61089-1 0-470-39348-3 Descrizione fisica 1 online resource (xii, 317 pages) Collana ISTE :: v.6 ST 200 Classificazione Altri autori (Persone) LabiodHouda Disciplina 621.382/1 621.3821 Soggetti Computer networks Sensor networks Wireless communication systems - Design and construction Lingua di pubblicazione Inglese **Formato** Materiale a stampa Livello bibliografico Monografia Description based upon print version of record. Note generali Nota di bibliografia Includes bibliographical references and index. Nota di contenuto Wireless Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks; Table of Contents; Chapter 1. Introduction; Chapter 2. Ad Hoc Networks: Principles and Routing; 2.1. Introduction; 2.2. Hertzian connection; 2.2.1. Physical layer impact; 2.2.2. Shared access to medium; 2.2.3. Flooding; 2.3. Routing; 2.3.1. Dynamic source routing (DSR); 2.3.2. Ad hoc on-demand distance vector (AODV); 2.3.3. Optimized link state routing (OLSR); 2.3.4. Topology based on reverse-path forwarding (TBRPF); 2.3.5. Zonebased hierarchical link state routing protocol (ZRP); 2.3.6. Locationaided routing (LAR); 2.4. Conclusion; 2.5. Bibliography Chapter 3. Quality of Service Support in MANETs3.1. Introduction to QoS; 3.1.1. Different QoS requirements; 3.1.2. Chapter structure; 3.2. Mobile ad hoc networks and QoS objectives; 3.2.1. Characteristics of mobile ad hoc networks and QoS; 3.2.1.1. Radio interference; 3.2.1.2. Limited resources; 3.2.1.3. Large dynamicity of a mobile ad hoc network; 3.2.1.4. Broadcast and multihop transmission; 3.2.1.5. Decentralized control; 3.2.2. Routing in mobile ad hoc networks; 3.2.2.1. AODV: a reactive routing protocol; 3.2.2.2. OLSR: a proactive

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Sommario/riassunto

Two new fields have recently appeared: mobile ad hoc networks and sensor networks. The emergence of these very promising systems is mainly due to great technological progress in the field of wireless communication protocols; these will make it possible to offer a broad range of new applications in both civilian and militarian domains. The inherent characteristics of these systems imply new challenges. This book deals with several relevant fields related to the evolution of these spontaneous and self-organized networks. The authors tackle critical problems such as the design of unicast/multicas