1.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910139246103321
	Titolo	Distance and e-learning in transition [[electronic resource]] : learning innovation, technology and social challenges / / edited by Ulrich Bernath ... [et al.]
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Hoboken, N.J., : ISTE/John Wiley, 2009
	ISBN	1-118-55768-9 1-118-61872-6 1-299-31544-5 1-118-61873-4
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (895 p.)
	Collana	ISTE
	Altri autori (Persone)	BernathUlrich
	Disciplina	371.3/58 371.35 371.358
	Soggetti	Internet in education Distance education Computer-assisted instruction
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references and indexes.
	Nota di contenuto	pt. 1. The development of distance education and e-learning -- pt. 2. Teaching and learning environments in the making.
	Sommario/riassunto	The rushed development of information and communication technologies and their impact on the world of learning in the last decade have profoundly changed the paradigms, scenarios and values at all levels of education. The professionalization of tools and practices, in addition to the consolidation of academic and practical knowledge, has been a major continuing issue throughout these years. The annual conferences of the largest European professional community in distance and e-learning have been setting the landmarks in this process. The selection from this unique knowledge pool demonstrates

2.	Record Nr.	UNINA9910298446903321
	Titolo	The Adenosinergic System : A Non-Dopaminergic Target in Parkinson's Disease / / edited by Micaela Morelli, Nicola Simola, Jadwiga Wardas
	Pubbl/distr/stampa	Cham : , : Springer International Publishing : , : Imprint : Springer, , 2015
	ISBN	3-319-20273-1
	Edizione	[1st ed. 2015.]
	Descrizione fisica	1 online resource (344 p.)
	Collana	Current Topics in Neurotoxicity, , 2363-9563 ; ; 10
	Disciplina	616.833
	Soggetti	Neurosciences Neurology
	Lingua di pubblicazione	Inglese
	Formato	Materiale a stampa
	Livello bibliografico	Monografia
	Note generali	Description based upon print version of record.
	Nota di bibliografia	Includes bibliographical references at the end of each chapters and index.
	Nota di contenuto	Adenosine A2A receptors: localization and function -- Allosteric Mechanisms in the adenosine A2A-dopamine D2 receptor heteromer -- Adenosine A2A receptor antagonists in drug development -- Adenosine A2A Receptors and Neurotrophic Factors: Relevance for Parkinson's Disease -- Role of adenosine A2A receptors in the control of neuroinflammation – relevance for Parkinson's disease -- Purines in Parkinson's: Adenosine A2A receptors and urate as targets for neuroprotection -- Adenosine A2A receptor antagonists as drugs for symptomatic control of Parkinson's disease in preclinical studies -- Dopamine/adenosine interactions related to tremor in animal models of Parkinsonism -- Adenosine A2A receptor antagonists in L-DOPA-induced motor fluctuations -- Adenosine A2A receptor-mediated control of non-motor functions in Parkinson's disease -- Imaging Studies with A2A Receptor Antagonists -- Caffeine and neuroprotection in Parkinson's disease -- The story of istradefylline – the first approved A2A antagonist for the treatment of Parkinson's disease -- Adenosinergic Receptor Antagonists: Clinical Experience in Parkinson's Disease -- Adenosinergic regulation of sleep-wake behavior in the basal ganglia.
	Sommario/riassunto	Adenosine A2A receptor antagonists have shown great promise in the treatment of Parkinson's Disease and alleviation of symptoms. This

book addresses various aspects of this class of drugs from their chemical development to their clinical use. Among the many insightful chapters contained in this book, there are three unique reviews that have not previously been published in any format: (1) a history of istradefylline, the first A2A antagonist approved for treatment of Parkinson's Disease, (2) an overview of neuroimaging studies in human health and disease, and (3) a study of urate as a possible biomarker and neuroprotectant.