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Nota di contenuto	Preliminary Material Introduction Narrative reliefs and panji stories Iconography of the Late East Javanese temple reliefs Temples in context of religion and politics Table of depictions of cap-figures in Majapahit art in chronological order Candi Jago: The cap, a new fashion of headgear Candi Panataran: Panji, introducing the pilgrim into the Tantric doctrine Candi Surowono: Sidapaksa, a nobleman with a cap Candi Mirigambar: Panji, the ideal lover and warrior Sanctuaries on Mount Penanggungan: Candi Kendalisodo, Candi Yudha, and the Panji statue from Candi Selokelir – the climax Conclusion: Panji and the Cap-figure as intermediary characters on the path to Tantric rituals Appendix: Previous research on the single

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	case studies Glossary: Javanese and Old Javanese terms Bibliography Index.
Sommario/riassunto	Following male figures wearing a cap (cap-figures) in temple reliefs of the Javanese Majapahit period (ca. 1300-1500) leads to astonishing results on their meaning and function. The cap-figures, representing commoners, servants, warriors, noblemen, and most significantly Prince Panji, the hero from the East Javanese Panji stories, are unique to depictions of non-Indic narratives. The cap-figure constitutes a prominent example of Majapahit's creativity in new concepts of art, literature and religion, independent from the Indian influence. More than that, the symbolic meaning of the cap-figures leads to an esoteric level: a pilgrim who followed the depictions of the cap-figures and of Panji in the temples would have been guided to the Tantric doctrine within Hindu-Buddhist religion. This title is available online in its entirety in Open Access.